

## SALOONS MUST CLOSE,

In Accordance With the Laws That Govern Them, and Gambling Must Cease.—So Says the Common Council.

The council held a meeting last evening, and the lobby was filled with an interested crowd of spectators who were present to learn who the appointees would be for the various positions yet unfilled, but they were doomed to disappointment. Mayor Barker had decided, for good and sufficient reasons, not to make any further appointments at this time. He announced his standing committees as follows:

On Finance—Karnar, Maine, Baker. Judiciary—McCreedy, Phelps, Cushman.

Highways—Karnar, King, Dumbleton.

City Buildings—Dumbleton, Kieliszewski, Peickard.

City Affairs—Ellenwood, Kieliszewski, Dumbleton.

Railroads—Baker, Maine, Ellenwood.

Manufacturing—McCreedy, Karnar, Phelps.

Fire Dept.—Cook, Baker, Dumbleton.

Ordinances—Phelps, Cook, Peickard.

License—Peickard, Cook, Cushman.

Poor—Maine, Baker, Dumbleton.

Lighting—Karnar, McCreedy, Cook.

Printing—Peickard, King, Cushman.

The fire wardens were named the same as last year: 1st ward, Louis Krembs; 2d ward, Eugene Tack; 3d ward, A. J. Empey, 4th ward, Jas. Quinn; 5th ward, John McGivern; 6th ward, Aug. Lutz.

The Board of Health was named as follows: Ald. Karnar, Cook, Cushman, Kieliszewski, McCreedy and Dumbleton.

A petition from A. O. Vaughn, asking permission to erect a shed 16 x 26 feet, on N. Third street, with a tin roof, for the purpose of covering machinery, was read and referred to the committee on fire department, to report at the next meeting. A petition from F. A. Degen, who desires to erect a shed for covering his bus, met with the same action. Mrs. Duncan McGregor again presented a petition asking for the privilege of laying sewer pipe from the Commercial Hotel to the river. Ald. Karnar spoke upon the merits of the petition, having had a conversation with Mrs. McGregor, and said the piping would not in any way interfere with a sewerage system that might be adopted by the city. W. J. Hilbourn was called for, and stated the size of piping that could be used and the depth it would be laid. The petition was referred to the committee on streets and bridges, with the city attorney.

Ald. Dumbleton introduced a resolution demanding that saloons be closed hereafter on Sunday, in accordance with the law, that gambling be strictly prohibited, and that the mayor and chief of police strictly enforce the law. The resolution was carried without a dissenting voice.

A resolution by Ald. Dumbleton provided that the city surveyor properly lay out Minnesota avenue, to the southern limits of the city, and after some discussion by Ald. Dumbleton, Ellenwood and Karnar, the matter was referred to the committee on highways.

The two handsome drinking fountains recently ordered by the city having arrived, Ald. Cook, Maine, and Karnar were appointed a committee to attend to their unloading, select sites, remove obstructions and have them erected at once. It is understood that the liberty pole on public square, which has stood since 1869, will be removed, and one of the fountains placed where it now stands, while the other will undoubtedly be set at the corner of Church and Monroe streets, South Side.

The bond of A. E. Ben, as justice, with J. P. Rothman and Jos. Glinki, as sureties, was presented and accepted. L. P. Moen, as city treasurer, presented a bond with G. E. McMill, J. A. Murat, W. J. Delaney, J. R. McDonald, Jas. Rice, N. Gross, A. B. Gilchrist and N. Jacobs as sureties, in the sum of \$40,000, and it was accepted. The bond of F. W. Kingsbury, chief of police, with E. McGlachlin and G. E. McMill, for \$500, was accepted. The bond of the Citizens National bank, as the city de-

pository, accompanied by an opinion from the city attorney to the effect that it was in compliance with law as at first presented, was again taken up and on motion of Ald. Karnar accepted.

E. M. Copps was assigned as assessor of the 1st district, comprising the 1st, 3d and 4th wards.

The matter of paving the public square was brought up, and was discussed at length by the mayor and Ald. Karnar, Ald. McCreedy also saying a few words. It was quite generally agreed that something should be done. A committee consisting of Ald. Cook, Maine and Karnar as appointed to investigate the matter of paving and sewerage, and report at the next meeting. The council then adjourned.

## A GOOD APPROPRIATION.

Through the Efforts of Regent Raymond the Sum of \$10,600 is Secured for the Stevens Point Normal.

A meeting of the Board of Normal School Regents was held at Madison on Wednesday and Thursday last, and the gathering was an interesting one in several respects. The Regents that came from towns where schools are located, and a majority of them do, worked hard and late to secure as large a slice as possible of the appropriation that was then made for the various schools, and it is doubly interesting to the people of this city and county to know that the Stevens Point Normal fared well in the distribution, having secured the sum of \$10,600 for additions to the school and grounds. Much credit is due to Regent Raymond for his good work in looking after this matter, and President Pray and the faculty feel highly pleased. The regents also provided for enlarging the faculties at various schools, and our school will have two more teachers, a teacher in geography and an assistant teacher in mathematics and English. These will be selected in time to commence their duties next September. The appropriation of \$10,600 for the Stevens Point Normal will be used and divided as follows:

Library.....	\$2,500
Chemical Laboratory.....	500
Physiological Laboratory.....	1,000
Biological Laboratory.....	200
Art Department.....	400
Natural History Museum.....	1,000
Heating, furniture, gymnasium and repairs.....	4,000
Fixing up grounds.....	1,000

## Delinquent Returns.

We are under obligations to County Treasurer Webster for the following statement of amount of taxes returned delinquent by the town and city treasurers throughout the county, together with the delinquent returns for 1894. It will be seen that Plover shows a decreased amount of unpaid taxes this year:

	1895	1894	Increase
Albion.....	287.32	190.55	\$126.97
Almond.....	98.42	40.34	58.08
Amber.....	256.90	92.63	164.27
Belmont.....	99.66	51.00	47.97
Buena Vista.....	406.14	186.62	219.52
Carleton.....	1,224.37	1,077.19	351.18
East Prairie.....	1,540.72	407.24	1,133.48
Grant.....	571.65	490.95	71.70
Hall.....	508.70	319.95	188.75
Lincoln.....	71.08	70.45	1.22
Lindwood.....	311.45	105.80	115.35
Newport.....	40.25	26.27	13.98
Pine Grove.....	143.75	116.58	27.22
Plover.....	396.38	505.56	108.86
Sharon.....	265.43	170.39	95.04
Stockton.....	388.36	122.12	186.23
Stevens Point.....	602.66	576.28	26.57
City.....	6,646.61	4,557.98	2,108.55

## Broke Her Limb.

When returning from St. Joseph's church, at about half-past four o'clock, last Friday afternoon, Mrs. Eugene Tack slipped upon the ground walk in front of Prof. Pray's residence, on Wisconsin street. It is supposed there was a slight decline in the ground at this point, and in falling Mrs. Tack struck her head, shoulder and left arm against the fence, bruising the head and shoulder and spraining the wrist. She also broke the rear bone in her left limb, just above the ankle, and the pain was so intense that Mrs. Tack fainted, in which condition she remained for several seconds. When she revived a score or more of school children were standing about, gazing upon her prostrate form in wonderment. Dr. Norton came along at the time, and a conveyance was procured to take the unfortunate lady to her home, only a couple of blocks away. Dr. von Neupert was called to attend to the fracture, but it will be three or four weeks before his patient is able to be about.

## FAVORS THE PLAINTIFF.

The Celebrated Case From Amherst Ends Disastrously for Isaac Chalmson, the Dry Goods Merchant.

Circuit court is not in session at present, the jury cases having been all disposed of up to last Saturday afternoon, at which time an adjournment was taken until tomorrow morning, when Judge Webb will commence hearing court cases. Since our last issue the following matters have been disposed of:

Richard Hartman vs. Wm. Bobba. Judgment for plaintiff for six cents.

James Connor vs. Constantine Hell. Nonsuit granted.

Paulena Rudy vs. George Rudy. Judgment of divorce.

John Mode vs. E. J. Weble and W. S. Bowersock. Judgment for plaintiff for \$525.30.

Moses Norton vs. I. C. Newby. Judgment for plaintiff for \$31.80.

Jos. Adams vs. Isaac Chalmson. This case comes from Amherst, and the facts leading up to its commencement have heretofore been noticed at length in these columns. Chalmson is engaged in the general merchandise business at Amherst. He borrowed the sum of \$500 from Adams, who is a retired farmer, and a little over two months ago the latter called at Chalmson's store for the purpose of securing payment upon the note. This he handed to Chalmson, asking that the interest be computed and the amount due paid, as he wished to use the money. Chalmson took the note and stepped to another part of the store for a few moments. Returning, so Adams swore, Chalmson said that he could not meet the obligation just then, but would soon do so, and handed back what was supposed to be the original note. After arriving at his home, Adams discovered that the note called for only \$50.00 and that he had been duped. On the other hand, Chalmson testified that he paid Adams the sum of \$450 in cash, produced a receipt purporting to be signed by Adams, and had witnesses to corroborate his testimony. The jury believed what Mr. Adams stated and brought in a verdict for him in the sum of \$518.75. The trial was commenced on Friday morning, and the above decision was reached Saturday afternoon after a short deliberation.

## A Business Change.

The grocery firm of P. Leonard & Son, 431 Clark street, has been dissolved by mutual consent the change taking place on Friday, Apr. 12th. The business will hereafter be conducted by Geo. J. Leonard, the former junior member, who will collect all bills and pay all accounts contracted by the firm. He wishes to thank their hundreds of friends and customers for past favors and patronage, assuring them that nothing will be left undone to please. At the same time those who owe are requested to call and settle at once. a17w3

## Married This Morning.

A pretty wedding took place at St. Stephen's Catholic church at 9 o'clock this morning, the contracting parties being Gerald Moore and Miss Ella O'Connor. Rev. W. J. Rice officiated at the marriage ceremony, and Jas. Welch and Miss Katie Bowden acted as best man and bridesmaid respectively. The ceremony was witnessed by a large number of friends of the contracting parties, and at its conclusion the young couples repaired to the home of the bride's brother, Patrick O'Connor, 109 Center street, where a wedding breakfast was served. At noon a reception was held at the Arlington House, where the groom had made his home for a number of years, and several young lady and gentleman friends enjoyed his hospitality at this time, and others came to bestow their congratulations upon the bride and groom. They leave this afternoon for Rhinelander, where the groom will be employed as cook at the boom for a few months. Thereafter they will return to Stevens Point, to make this their permanent home.

The young couple are both well known to a good many of our readers in the city and elsewhere. The bride has lived here most of her life, she being a daughter of Matt. O'Connor, who resides on the West Side, and is a most estimable, exemplary young lady. The groom is an industrious, wide-awake young man, a good citizen and a jolly fellow, and the hundreds of friends of himself and wife will wish for them a long and happy life, in which THE GAZETTE most heartily joins.

## AND EVERYBODY DANCED.

Or Gazed Upon the Merry Dancers at the Conductors Fourth Annual Ball. A Grand Easter Event.

There was an immense crowd at Central City Opera House on Easter Monday evening, and in fact it is doubtful if a larger number of people ever assembled at that noted place of amusement for a like event. Since the new lessees, the Eintrachts Verein, took possession of the Central City, they have made a number of commendable improvements, not the least of which is the removal from the building of the raised seats which were located at the east end. These occupied much valuable floor space, when the space was needed for large gatherings, and the additional room thus gained proved to be just what was necessary for Monday evening. Between the hours of 8 and 9, the Arion Orchestra, of Oshkosh, furnished a delightful concert for those who had gathered to listen to them, and when the grand march was called at the latter hour, 84 happy, smiling couples formed in line with Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Bowen at the head, and in their manoeuvres about the spacious hall, a very striking picture was presented. The crowd continued to increase until after ten o'clock, when over two hundred tickets had been sold or taken in at the door. A number of tickets were sold by the boys, both in the city and outside, that did not present themselves, and it is supposed the total receipts will reach about \$250.

The hall was artistically decorated with flags, bunting and evergreens, while the different colored lanterns hung by conductors and trainmen, hung in the most desirable and conspicuous places about the room. The bunting used for trimming was all new and bright, and the decorations throughout were deftly arranged. The committee on arrangements, B. F. Bowen, C. B. Baker and W. E. West, had given much time in making arrangements for this event, leaving nothing undone to please those whom they expected would be present, and they feel well repaid for their labors by hearing the many expressions of appreciation and knowing that all were pleased, as indeed they could not be otherwise. All members of Division No. 211, Order of Railway Conductors, and their wives, had formed a reception committee, and nearly all the local conductors present assisted upon the floor. Supper was served at the Commercial Hotel to about one hundred couples, they being provided with the best the market affords and first-class cooks could prepare.

It is a pleasure to announce that the fourth annual was a success both socially and financially. Among those present from abroad were: Thos. McCarthy, Fred. Burbach, Louis Ellis and the Misses Julia Crowley, Nellie Hayes and Rosa Cushman, of Portage; Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Cochran, Ashland; Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Bush, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Evans, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Besnah, Jr. and Mrs. J. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. Ira Yantas, Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Menzel, Waukesha; Mr. and Mrs. A. T. Anderson, Chippewa Falls; Mr. and Mrs. Mike McGivern, Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Clancy, Dan. Schilling and Matt. Hight, Marshfield; Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Hawn and J. L. Maxwell, Minneapolis; Arthur Willett and wife, Waukesha; Ed. Schilling, Ashland; Geo. Johnson, Aug. Brightens, Chicago; W. P. King, Abbotford; John Anderson, Otto Bachhaus, Pat. Lyons, Pat. Hayes, Emil Kline, Marshfield; Al. Adams and C. G. Gustason, of Chicago the latter being a member of Division No. 1, O. R. C., which was formed by the Illinois Central. He is now traveling for the Fidelity and Casualty Co.

## Contest, Tomorrow Evening.

The following talent will assist in the musical program, at the medal contest, which will be held Thursday evening, April 18th, at Temperance Hall:

Instrumental Music..... Coral Hayner Solo..... Rev. Eugene ReQua Banjo and Autoharp Duet..... Anna Lee and Prof. Allen Solo..... Duett..... Howard and Charles Wylie Solo..... Mary Lytle Solo..... Mabel Nelson Trio..... Mabel Skeel, Daisy Sparks, Grace Bailey Solo..... Mrs. Hayner and Coral Hayner Solo..... Miss Pearl Hayner Trio..... Three Little Girls

Admittance, 10 cents and 5 cents. All are cordially invited to attend.

## To Aid the Sufferers.

Subscriptions in cash are being received at the First National and Citizens National banks in aid of the drouth sufferers of Nebraska, Mayor Barker having issued an appeal to the generosity of the people of Stevens Point. A number have already generously responded, and Mr. W. B. Buckingham, who was treasurer of the Normal School dedication fund and has a balance of \$75.75 still in his hands, will turn this amount over for the above charitable purpose, providing the balance of the committee and those who subscribed are willing that he should do so. Cash is preferred at this time, and it is greatly needed to buy seed and other things necessary to put in the season's crop.

## A CASE OF SMALL POX.

John Green, of Springville, Just North of Plover, Has the Disease in Genuine Form.

John Green, a young married man, lives in the Uncle Geo. Warner house at Springville, about forty rods below the Little Plover pond, and alongside the public highway leading to Plover. He had been about the neighborhood for several days, saying he did not feel well, and visited the village of Plover on diverse occasions, coming in contact with a number of people. N. T. Moore is one of Green's neighbors, and on Friday or Saturday last he became convinced that Green had the smallpox, Mr. Moore having had the disease himself a number of years ago. On Sunday morning Dr. Gregory was asked to visit the man, and immediately pronounced the case one of small pox in its second stage. The house and premises were quarantined at once, and the road fenced up at McDill and just north of the village of Plover, the board of health of that town taking the matter in charge. The patient is doing quite well, although Dr. Gregory pronounces his case a severe one.

Where the disease came from is a mystery. Green was married but a few months ago. Previous to his marriage his wife worked in one of the paper mills, and it is said in her daily work would occasionally pick out a desirable rag or remnant and carry it away preparatory for future use. These she placed in a receptacle, taking them out but a short time ago, and thereafter was stricken with small pox, so it is now learned. The disease was in a mild form, no doctor was called, and nothing was known of it. The husband then contracted the disease from his wife. A number of people have been exposed. Of this there is no doubt. On Saturday evening, several girls who are employed at the paper mill, called at Green's house, remaining some time. They are also now quarantined at their respective homes, and nothing has been left undone to prevent the disease from spreading. The Board of Health at Plover is composed of H. H. Moore, Truman Rice and A. Maxfield.

## Formed a Union.

The painters and paper hangers of Stevens Point, in order to protect themselves from the tramp industry and non-resident painters, have formed themselves into a union for the purpose of maintaining living wages for themselves and their customers. The following scale of prices was adopted by the union at their meeting, last Monday evening: Paper hanging, side wall and ceiling lap, 25 cts. per double roll; both edges trimmed, 30 cts.; butted, 35 cts.; calicining, 5 cts. per sq. yard; graining, 40 cts. per square yard; hard oil finish, 60 cts. per sq. yard; painting two coats on new work and furnishing material, 13 cts. per square yard; on old building, 14 cts. per square yard; picket fence, plain, \$1.50 per rod; blinds per set, 80 cts.; mineral painting on wood, 11 cts. per square yard; tin or iron roof, 75 cts. square (100 ft), one coat; \$1.25 for 2 coats; shingles, 1 coat, 85 cts.; 2 coats, \$1.50. J. W. Strope was chosen president; Elmer King, vice president; Ira L. Eldredge, secretary; Geo. Herdman, treasurer. The articles of agreement of the union were signed by the following named members, all residents and tax payers of our city: H. Lamphere, W. Barrager, W. Atkinson, F. F. Cook, J. P. Chapman, E. A. Eldredge, Jr., Steve Doane, A. K. Welch, Adam Myers, Frank May, Chas. Chamberlain, John Hodell.

## THE SOUTH SIDE.

Personal and News Items of More or Less Importance.

—The ladies of the Baptist church will have a supper and sale, Friday, April 19th, in the vacant building of A. B. Redfield, South Side.

—For rent, a warm comfortable house, in first-class repair, with good cellar, on Church street, this city. Address Mrs. S. G. Clark, Menasha, Wis. w2

—The Sunday evening services at the United Brethren church, which have been suspended during the Crusade meetings, will be resumed next Sunday.

—Quarterly meetings at the German M. E. church, last Sunday morning and evening, were very largely attended, and two additional members were received into the church.

—Theo. Teskie, of Oshkosh, will arrive here this week, to assume charge of Burr & Son's meat market, a position left vacant by the resignation of W. E. Davis, who will go into business for himself up town.

—J. E. Downey is about to engage in the saloon business, having rented W. J. Richardson's old stand, two doors north of the Central passenger depot. He expects to re-open the place tonight or tomorrow.

—L. A. Wight is again in the hotel business, having leased the Martin building, corner Center avenue and Dixon street. He has fitted the house up in good shape and will guarantee the best of fare and comfortable rooms.

—Rev. B. B. Schlung received a telegram on Monday morning announcing the death of his wife's grandfather at Dubuque, Iowa. The funeral took place on Tuesday, so that the relatives here were unable to attend.

—Mrs. Mary F. Murphy, of this city, and Jos. Claffy, of Stanley, Wis., were married at the New St. James hotel, yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Rev. R. H. Weller tying the silken cords. Mrs. A. A. Metcalf, of Green Bay, a sister of the bride, acted as bridesmaid, and Lawrence Claffy, a brother of the groom, was "best man." After receiving the congratulations and partaking of a bountiful wedding repast, the happy couple prepared to take the 5:00 p. m. train for the north and west. They will be "at home" at Stanley in a few days. Mr. Claffy is superintendent of the Northwestern Lumber Co.'s logging railroad—quite a responsible position, we understand. The bride is a sister of Mrs. John H. Woodbury, and has made this city her home nearly all the time for a number of years past. She is a refined and well educated lady and has hundreds of friends here who will unite with us in extending blessings on this occasion.

—Mr. and Mrs. Patrick O'Meara, who reside at 716 Water street, mourn the loss of a little son, Walter, who died at fifteen minutes to one o'clock, last Wednesday afternoon. The cause of death was pneumonia, from which little Walter suffered greatly at times, but seemed to improve. A relapse followed and he continued to sink until death, but retained consciousness until the last. He was aged four years, six months and three days, and was the second eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. O'Meara. They have three boys and two girls left. Walter was an unusually bright little fellow, a favorite with his parents, brothers and sisters and all who knew him. His death leaves a vacancy in the family circle that cannot be replaced, and brings with it a sadness that only the gentle hand of time can soothe. The funeral took place from St. Stephen's church at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon, Rev. W. J. Rice officiating, and the pallbearers were James Leonard, Eddie Clifford, John Love, Bennie Moran, Willie McGivern and Thomas Hehely.

## Residence For Rent.

The handsome residence on Main street, heretofore occupied by Supt. Horn, for rent after May 1st. Residence in first-class repair, and rent reasonable. Enquire of J. O. Johnson. april17t

## Attention, Daughters of Rebecca.

All members of Barbara Lodge, No. 9, I. O. O. F., are requested to meet at their Hall, Tuesday evening, April 23d. Special work. Miss ADDIE ANSCHUTZ, R. Secy.

If It's a Sprain, Strain, or Bruise  
**St. Jacobs Oil**  
Will Cure It

**JOS. GLINSKI,**  
**Merchant Tailor,**  
North-east cor. Public Square, Main St.,  
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**Elegant New Goods**  
always on hand, and all work out and made  
by the best workmen to be obtained.

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**THE TAILOR**

Is always prepared to make the finest  
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hand. Call and get prices before or-  
dering.

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Proprietor of the

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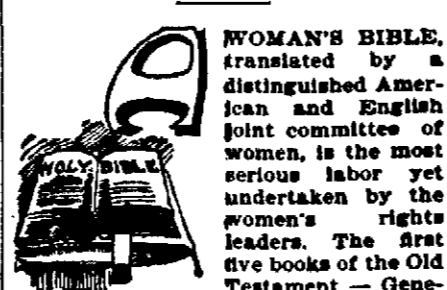
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**A WOMAN'S BIBLE.**

**MAN IS NOT THE MASTER THEY**  
**SAY.**

A Committee of Notable Women Now  
at Work Endeavoring to Prove the  
Equality of the Sexes by an Interpre-  
tation of the Holy Book.



**WOMAN'S BIBLE.**  
translated by a  
distinguished Amer-  
ican and English  
joint committee of  
women, in the most  
serious labor yet  
undertaken by the  
women's rights  
leaders. The first  
five books of the Old  
Testament—Gen-  
esis, Exodus, Leviti-  
cus, Numbers, Deuteronomy—have al-  
ready been carefully studied, and the  
position of woman in the Bible has been  
fixed with precision. Six years ago this  
work began. It has for some time past  
been suspected that a revision of cer-  
tain portions of the scriptures would  
show that woman had not been fairly  
dealt with by Biblical students. The  
main question to be determined was  
whether there was any real basis in  
the Bible for the assertion that man was  
the master. The work of the new com-  
mittee of women has, they claim, al-  
ready progressed far enough to show  
that the scriptures do not proclaim the  
superiority of man. The members of  
the Revision committee find on every  
hand abundant evidence of the absolute  
equality of the sexes. The venerable  
leader of this committee is Mrs. Eliza-  
beth Cady Stanton of New York, who  
is now 80 years of age. With Mrs. Stan-  
ton have been associated Miss Frances  
Willard and Lady Henry Somerset,  
Mrs. Mary Livermore, the Rev. Olympia  
Hanaford, Sarah A. Underwood, Fran-  
ces Ellen Burr, Helen Gardner, and  
Miss Frances Lord of London.

Perhaps the clearest narrative of the  
work and aims of the revisionists is  
best told in the words of Mrs. Eliza-  
beth Cady Stanton. She said recently: "Yes,  
I will cheerfully tell you whatever I can  
as to the method of work on the Wom-  
an's Bible and its inception. 'Where did  
the idea originate?' Years ago in my  
own head. I have always been a careful  
student of the Bible since I went into  
woman's work and found that the worst  
foe we had was the mistranslation of  
the Bible, which took away the self-  
respect of woman and made her a slave  
to man. As the years went by I saw  
clearly that this must be combated.  
Women are politic by nature. They pre-  
fer to temporize, and so that course  
was followed. Men have never touched  
questions concerning women. With all  
the learned professors and scholars  
who have been engaged in revising the  
Bible none has touched women. They  
have argued over man and the inani-  
mate, but they have left woman just  
where she was in the beginning of the  
translations. There were hopes that in



**ELIZABETH CADY STANTON.**  
the last revision of the New Testament  
justice might at last be done woman  
and her equality with man clearly  
brought out, but they did nothing and  
still kept woman in a position that  
has taken away from her her self-re-  
spect. If man will not correct errors  
in translation which reflect on woman  
then women must do it. Six years ago  
I saw plainly that it must be the final  
blow to be struck before woman could  
stand on the plane of equality with  
man. At that time Miss Frances Lord  
came from England and remained two  
months with me at my country home  
in Tenafly, N. J. In those two months  
we went through the entire Bible to  
find out what proportion of it woman  
constituted. We found we appeared in  
the King James version in only one-  
eleventh part. This proportion was  
somewhat of a surprise to me. I had  
always hesitated because it seemed  
such a herculean task to attempt to  
revise the entire Bible. But when we  
found women filled but such a small  
part of the Bible, I decided that the  
work could be done. I did not intend  
to attack any doctrines, creeds, or be-  
liefs, simply the false position women  
in the Bible had been left through man's  
neglect. Miss Lord and I then took up  
the Pentateuch and commenced upon  
it. To carry out the plan of revision  
a committee of English and American  
women was then formed. Among them  
were many famous names—Mrs. Mary  
Livermore, the Rev. Olympia Brown,  
the Rev. Phoebe Hanaford, and Sarah  
A. Underwood, who was editor of the  
Open Court, and with her husband,  
editor of the Index. John Bright's sis-  
ter, who has since died, was another  
famous woman who was to have as-  
sisted, Frances Ellen Burr, now of the  
Hartford Times, and Helen Gardner,  
were others. Mrs. Lord and I went  
through the Pentateuch, and next year  
while in London, assisted by my daugh-  
ter, Mrs. Blatch, I continued with the  
same five books, in which are many  
of the most important mistranslated  
passages most frequently quoted to es-  
tablish the inferiority of women. The  
other members of the committee, it  
must be confessed, did not carry on the  
work with much zest. There was some  
feeling that women were not ready then  
to bear the responsibility of the move-  
ment. I was president of the National  
Suffrage organization, and many women  
dreaded the effect of my leading such  
a work. Others urged that it was nec-  
essary to gain the support of religious  
denominations for the general emanci-  
pation of women, while any serious at-  
tacks based on the revision of the Bible  
would interfere with many avenues

then opening to her where she might  
earn her living. During the fifty  
years since I went before the legisla-  
ture of New York to urge the rights  
of women I have seen that the greatest  
trouble was that women believed them-  
selves cursed of God, that they are  
the origin of sin, and that maternity  
is a condition of slavery. If they could  
only be brought to see that instead of  
that they were represented in the god-  
head at the creation, that woman was  
created in the image of the mother-  
hood, then they might regain their self-  
respect. This, it seemed to me, could  
only be accomplished by a revision of  
the Bible. And while the work pro-  
ceeded only slowly the ultimate neces-  
sity of it never left me. When I read  
of the ferocious attack of the Baptist  
clergymen on woman during the con-  
vention in Atlanta it seemed to me the  
time had come. Yes, I know well that  
men will say 'And it has come to this  
at last! Not even the Bible is to be  
left free from woman's influence!' The  
assumption of a revision committee  
alone is enough to be called presump-  
tion on our part. Yet at the time six  
years ago that we formed the original  
committee many newspapers treated  
the subject with respect and liberality,  
and some even stated that they could  
not see any reason why women should  
be debarred from revising the Bible  
any more than men. I have never yet  
been able to see why. I may look much  
further ahead than other women do, but



**MRS. HANNAFORD.**  
I believe firmly that before women can  
acquire equality with men, which is to  
be the next relative position of the  
sexes, the false translations of the Bible  
concerning women must be corrected.  
After the attack of the Baptist clergymen  
in Atlanta in January I decided  
it was time to move. If others cannot  
stand the possible controversy and  
stigma that may be the result of the  
woman's Bible I can. I am now 80 years  
old. My people live to the age of 85  
or longer. I figure that in the natural  
course of events, I may expect to live  
to the same age. I am out of all official  
connection with women's organiza-  
tions. I want nothing. I have no calls  
to trim to catch the favor of men or  
women. I have no offices to aspire to.  
I am beyond all that now, and regard  
it as the culminating work of my life.  
I am not going to say things to shock  
people. I am only going to bring out  
what is on the surface.  
Mrs. Stanton expects that at the brief-  
est it will require two years for the  
completion and publication of the Wom-  
an's Bible. Although this appears a  
very short time, in comparison with the  
New Testament, it is easily explained  
by comparison of the amount of work  
to be done. There is no intention of  
tampering with anything which does  
not concern woman directly. It is not  
the women of the Bible but woman in  
the Bible. And in some cases men who  
married them have been brought in.

**HE IS AFTER DANA.**

**Frank B. Noyes Alleges Libel on Part**  
**of the New York "Sun."**  
Frank B. Noyes, treasurer of the  
Washington Evening Star, and one of  
the board of directors, and of the ex-  
ecutive committee of the Associated  
Press, is making a big fight for vin-  
dication against the imputations pub-  
lished in the New York Sun, reflecting  
upon his character as a journalist.  
Charles A. Dana and William M. Luf-  
fan, editor and publisher of the Sun,  
have been indicted for libel. After he  
was elected to the directorate the Sun,  
notwithstanding the injunction, "If you  
see it in the Sun it's so," took occasion  
to say that he is notoriously dishonest.  
A wag has come to the front now and



**FRANK B. NOYES.**  
says, "If you see it in the Sun it's  
crow."

An interesting process of Etching.  
Examinations have been made in  
drawing designs on glass with alumi-  
num pencils. After this the glass is  
coated by an acid which dissolves the  
aluminum and etches the design in ex-  
tremely delicate and perfect lines on  
the glass surface. This proves that a  
true chemical union occurs between the  
glass and the aluminum. In the course  
of experiments it was noted that al-  
most all precious stones can be etched  
by the same means. The diamond  
alone, of all stones tried, resists the ac-  
tion. It is suggested that if these trials  
prove as accurate as is supposed, it will  
furnish another test as to the genui-  
ness of the diamond.

The modern 10 and 15 cent monthlies  
are said to be creating their own fields  
and not to be interfering as yet, in spite  
of their enormous sales, with the pros-  
perity of the older and more costly  
ones.

**More Locals.**

—Mrs. N. F. Phillips is again at  
home, after an extended visit at  
Topeka, Kansas.

—For fresh choice groceries, fall  
not to remember that P. Leonard &  
Son are headquarters.

—Upholstering, curtain hanging,  
carpet laying, etc., at Paul Roettger's,  
Stroms ave. Good work, low prices.

—Patrick Lennon, of Stockton,  
after spending the winter in the  
woods above Rhinelander, is again at  
home.

—Mrs. E. A. Martin left for her  
home at Cadott, the last of the week,  
after a pleasant visit at the home of  
her father, John Finch.

—People using the city water for  
drinking and cooking purposes, should  
have a "water filter" placed on the  
pipe, which insures pure water at a  
small expense. **ALBERT V. FETTER.**

—Gentlemen, before ordering your  
new spring suit, remember that Teofil  
Krutza has just received his new  
spring stock, and that he is prepared  
to fill your orders on the shortest  
notice.

—There was a lively snow storm,  
last Thursday morning, commencing  
at about five o'clock, and continuing  
for three or four hours, but before  
evening every trace of the "beautiful"  
had disappeared.

—We do not talk or advertise  
"cheap" plumbing. The "best" that  
can be had is generally the "cheapest."  
We employ no "cheap labor,"  
and "guarantee" our work.

**ALBERT V. FETTER.**

—E. A. Williams was able to walk  
down town, last Friday, after being  
confined to his home for three  
weeks with a severe attack of pneu-  
monia, which threatened to ter-  
minate fatally at one time.

—Fifty cents saved on every barrel  
of Gold Crown flour bought. Manu-  
factured by the Jackson Milling Co.  
Patronize home industry, instead of  
purchasing flour made at Minneapolis  
or other points. Warranted to be  
equal in all respects. **tf**

—If you have received a copy of  
that great semi-weekly sheet, the  
New York World, and wish it sent to  
you regularly, you can be accommo-  
dated by calling upon **THE GAZETTE.**  
This paper and the World, three  
papers every week, for only \$2.50—in  
advance. **tf**

**How's This?**

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for  
any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by  
Hall's Catarrh Cure.

**F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.**  
We, the undersigned, have known F. J.  
Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him  
perfectly honorable in all business transac-  
tions and financially able to carry out any  
obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists,  
Toledo, O.  
Walding, Kinnear & Marvin, Whole-  
sale Druggists, Toledo, O.  
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, act-  
ing directly upon the blood and mucous  
surfaces of the system. Price, 75 cts. per bottle.  
Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free. **a**

Buy Dullam's German 15 cent Liver Pills, 40  
in each package, at Mieding's.

Buy Dullam's German 15 cent Liver Pills, 40  
in each package, at Mieding's.

**For Sale.**

One hundred and sixty acres of  
good farming land, cheap, about two  
miles from the public square.

**J. F. MALICK.**

**A Good Pasture**

For horses and cattle. Well water-  
ed, and on reasonable terms. One  
mile west of the city. Enquire of  
Harry Isherwood. **apr10lf**

**Property For Sale.**

The house and lot at 418 Jefferson  
street, for sale at a bargain. For fur-  
ther particulars, enquire on premises.

Buy Dullam's German 25 cent Cough Cure  
at Mieding's.

Buy Dullam's German 25 cent Cough Cure  
at Mieding's.

**For Rent.**

The Hall lately occupied by the  
Catholic Knights, suitable for society  
or club. Apply to

**M. CLIFFORD.**

**High Grade Plumbing.**

When wanting high grade plumb-  
ing steam or hot water heating, the  
best at reasonable figures, call upon  
A. V. Fetter, 436 Main street. **tf**

**C. Krombs & Bros., established 1863.**

At their store on public square you  
will always find a full stock of general  
hardware, tinware, stoves, ranges, lawn  
mowers, plows, cultivators, pumps,  
ropes, fence wire, mill supplies of all  
descriptions, &c. All orders for roof-  
ing and other tin and sheet iron work  
promptly executed. Also agents for  
the celebrated Boynton furnace. **tf**

**A WONDERFUL STATEMENT. 2**

Proprietors of Dullam's German Remedies:  
Gentlemen—I have for the past two years  
been troubled with a serious and very severe  
Liver and Stomach difficulty. Have had  
advice and medicine from our very best phy-  
sicians, and only to be temporarily relieved.  
Some of my friends persuaded me to try your  
German Remedy for the Blood, Stomach and  
Kidneys, and to my surprise after using three  
bottles I feel like a new man. If you desire  
you can use my name in print or by reference  
to any of the Grand Rapids, Michigan, papers,  
or any other papers in the States, to convince  
the afflicted that it is the best Blood, Liver  
and Kidney medicine on earth. I feel like a  
new man. Have lived here over 40 years.

**J. M. LIVINGSTON.**

**Grand Rapids, Mich.**

For sale by R. H. Mieding & Co.

**GERMAN**

**HEAVE CURE.**

This medicine has already gained a re-  
markable reputation, although has been in  
the market only a few years. It never fails to  
effect a cure for heaves. Price, full size, \$1.50.  
Agents wanted.

It is now on sale at all the drug stores in  
this city, as well as in other cities, or can be  
bought direct from the

**German Heave Cure Co.,**

**Stevens Point, Wis.**

**NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®**



**COLLARS AND CUFFS** that are water-  
proof. Never wilt and not effected by  
moisture. Clean, neat and durable.  
When soiled simply wipe off with a  
wet cloth. The genuine are made by  
covering a linen collar or cuff on both  
sides with "celluloid" and as they are  
the only waterproof goods made with  
such an interlining, it follows that  
they are the only collars and cuffs that  
will stand the wear and give satisfac-  
tion. Every piece is stamped as follows:



If anything else is offered you it is an  
imitation. Refuse any but the genu-  
ine, and if your dealer does not have  
what you want send direct to us, en-  
closing amount and stating size and  
whether a stand-up or turned-down  
collar is wanted. Collars 25c. each.  
Cuffs 50c. pair.

**The Celluloid Company,**  
**427-429 Broadway, New York.**

**For Rent.**

The Hall lately occupied by the  
Catholic Knights, suitable for society  
or club. Apply to

**M. CLIFFORD.**

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bottles I feel like a new man. If you desire  
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to any of the Grand Rapids, Michigan, papers,  
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**Stevens Point, Wis.**

**NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®**

**CHEAP CHICAGO BANKRUPT STORE,**

Next to John R. McDonald, Clark Street,

**Goes Entirely Out of Business.**

*The stock of goods must be sold within*

*sixty days. Goods will be sold at*

*25 Cents on the Dollar.*

Ladies Fine Slippers, - 25c per pair Suspenders, - 5c per pair  
Ladies' Stockings, - 5c per pair Overalls, - 25c per pair  
Men's Fine Undershirts, - 15c Men's Pants, - 45c per pair

**2,500 pairs of Shoes must be sold at 25**  
**cents on the dollar.**

Boys' Suits, - 49c Men's Suits, - \$1.49  
Boys' Suits, two pieces, - 75c \$5.00 Men's Suits at - 2.50  
Boys' Suits, - \$1.25 \$10.00 Men's Suits at - 5.00  
Boys' Suits, - 1.50 \$15.00 Men's Suits at - 7.50  
Boys' Suits, three pieces, - 1.25 \$20.00 Men's Suits at - 9.99

**The Best Suits Made in America.**

Don't buy before you see us and don't forget the place.

**Cheap Chicago Bankrupt Store,** Next to J. R. McDonald,  
Clark Street.

**NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®**

THERE were no competitive tests of baking powders at the Chicago World's Fair, and no "highest awards." All awards were of the same value, and "for an exhibit" only.

But here is the report of a series of competitive tests of baking powders

## By the Official Food Authorities of Wisconsin.

This is of real value to the public, as it shows beyond dispute which of the many baking powders is the purest, strongest, and best:

"After examining many samples of the leading brands of baking powders, I have arrived at the conclusion that the ROYAL BAKING POWDER is superior in regard to purity, leavening power and keeping qualities.

"It is a cream of tartar powder, entirely free from alum, lime, ammonia, and all deleterious ingredients.

"GEO. S. COX,

"State Chemist, Wisconsin Dairy and Food Com.

"Prof. of Chemistry, Wisconsin College of Physicians and Surgeons, etc."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 WALL ST., NEW-YORK.

### The Gazette.

By ED. D. GLENNON.

Terms. - \$2.00 per Annum

Extra copies of the Gazette may be secured at this office.

#### Settled After Nine Years.

Wm. Bibby, of Wausau, spent Monday in this city. In 1885 Mr. Bibby, while engaged as sawyer in the mill of the Wausau Lumber Co., lost an eye by being struck with a knot, which flew from the saw. The following spring Mr. Bibby commenced an action against the company, of which Knox Bros. were the proprietors, placing his claims in the hands of Raymond & Haseltine, of this city. When the case came to trial, John H. Brennan appeared for the plaintiff, and Silverthorn, Hurley, Ryan & Jones for the defendant company. This was in 1890, and the plaintiff received a judgment for \$3,500. The defendants appealed to the supreme court, where the judgment was reversed and the case remanded for a new trial. Bibby is a poor man, but he did not lose his courage to fight for what he deemed he was entitled to. Since 1890 the case has been delayed by several motions and legal moves, and on Monday was settled in this city upon the payment of \$1,500 to Bibby, he paying his own costs, which were a constant drain during the past nine years, and amounted to nearly as much as he received. Andrew L. Kreutzer, the Wausau attorney, paid over the money in settlement.

#### Normal News Notes.

A circular has been issued recently stating the size and giving a picture of the Normal School. This circular also contains lists of the different courses of study, the general tuition and all expense connected with the school.

A number of the boys are training for "field day," and that it is good for them is without question. It is rather hard on the small boy to leave his pie at dinner or coffee at breakfast, but "young men" should have will enough to abstain from anything which will make them effeminate and unhealthy.

Prof. Sylvester's room is crowded with the new tables to be used by the botany class this quarter. Botany is one of the most agreeable studies taught, especially when plenty of practical field work is accomplished, as is intended for this class, and the outlook for pleasant as well as profitable spring botanizing is good.

The literary society will meet Friday evening next. Following is the

#### PROGRAM:

Reading..... Florence Gray  
Recitation..... J. O. Hill  
Solo..... Frances Kuhl  
Essay..... Alia Perry  
Recitation..... Esther Cushing  
Debate—"Resolved, That strikes are right, and, on the whole, a benefit to the laboring classes." Affirmative—Ray Bench, Earl Aiden. Negative—Mr. Ferry, Otto Leu.  
Instrumental..... Belle Mitchell

The last quarter of this school year commenced Monday, April 15th, with a large attendance. A number of those who have been with us for some time, have withdrawn to teach or help in the home work. However a goodly number of new students have been

enrolled, so that the ranks are not seriously broken. Those who have entered this quarter are Grace Corcoran, Laura Whitlock, Mary L. Agnew, Edith M. Cowles, Evangeline Tascher, Ada M. Welch, Stevens Point; Georgia McLeod, Plover; Emil L. Bauch, Hamburg, Marathon county; Vina Forsythe, Whiting; James Harrison, Tosten, Waushara county; H. M. Quinn, Centralia; Mabel Hetzel, Almond.

#### ARE CALLED HENCE.

BLANCHIE W. CATLIN.

The many friends of this young lady were greatly shocked, last Monday noon, to learn that she had passed away a few moments before, at her home on Church street. Miss Blanche had not enjoyed good health for a couple of years, suffering from excessive nervousness and lung trouble, but was able to be out driving with her father as late as last Sunday afternoon. Monday morning she got up as usual and was around the house until nearly 11, when she went to her room, and within a half hour had entered into that sleep which knows no awakening this side the grave. Blanche Wyatt Catlin was the second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Catlin, and was born in this city 26 years ago the 8th of last December. Growing up among us she attended our public schools until June 17th, 1887, when, in company with twelve other graduates, she received a diploma from Prof. Cooley. In the fall of '91 Miss Catlin accepted a position as teacher in the 4th ward public school, where she labored zealously for nearly two years, but was finally compelled to resign on account of failing health. Always the possessor of a happy, genial disposition, she was the life of every company and a favorite with all. While her sudden death is a great shock to the community at large, it comes with crushing force to her distressed parents, and sisters, Miss Francis and Mary Louise. Blanche was an active member of St. Agnes guild of the Episcopal church, and her associates in the guild have charge of the floral arrangements at church and cemetery.

The funeral took place this afternoon at 2 o'clock, from the Episcopal church, Rev. R. H. Weller officiating, and was largely attended, with interment in the Episcopal cemetery. The pallbearers were six young friends of the deceased, F. T. Boston, F. A. Ball, E. O. Stumpf, Bert. Bowdish, Gavin Campbell and F. C. Bailey.

MRS. W. M. TREANORE.

Martha, wife of W. M. Treanore, died at her home just north of the Hoeffer & Chapman Mfg. Co. plant, last Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, of pneumonia, after an illness of nine days. She had been ailing all winter, being unable to leave the house but once since cold weather set in, and when taken with pneumonia her constitution had become so weakened that she was unable to overcome its effects. Mrs. Treanore was a native of New York state, having been born in Bolton, May 20th, 1832,—nearly 63 years ago. She was married at Pitts-

field, Mass., Aug. 21, 1854, and a few years thereafter Mr. and Mrs. Treanore came to Wisconsin, locating at Princeton. After a short residence in that village they moved to Ripon, which latter place was their home for a quarter of a century. Two years ago in May Mr. Treanore and family moved to Stevens Point, and they have since been numbered among our most respected citizens. The deceased lady had made many friends in this city, all of whom have naught but good words to say in her behalf. To the afflicted ones the sympathy of the community is extended. Her sons and daughters, Vincent O., Walter P. and Miss Helen, are residents of this city, as is also a sister, Mrs. Sarah Cole. Mrs. J. Whelden and Mrs. W. W. Waite, sisters of the deceased, live at New London, Wis., and St. Catharines, Ont., respectively. Funeral services were held at St. Stephen's church at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning, Rev. W. J. Rice officiating, interment being in St. Stephen's cemetery. The pallbearers were Jas. Quinn, M. Cassidy, C. E. Van Hecke, J. E. Leonard, Jas. Welch and Dr. Houlehan.

NEWTON W. HARVEY.

At half-past twelve o'clock, last Monday night, Newton W. Harvey died at his home near Wallace & Redford's mill, at Knowlton. Five years ago Mr. Harvey was sick with the grippe for a time, and from the effects of this illness he never fully recovered, being troubled with a harassing cough thereafter. Last fall, while working at Wausau, he contracted a severe cold and had constantly failed ever since, his death being the result of ulceration of the stomach. The deceased gentleman was well known and universally respected throughout this section. He was born in Pennsylvania, and was 57 years of age on the 1st of last December. He came to this state with his parents when a boy, they locating at Weyauwega, and he was married there 34 years ago to Elizabeth Tibbitts, who survives him, together with two children, Wm. Harvey and Mrs. T. L. Martin, the latter a resident of the town of Stevens Point. During most of the years that he lived at Weyauwega, he was employed by Weed & Gurnear, lumbermen, and some fifteen years ago removed to this section, being employed by S. H. Karner & Son for a couple of years, but much of the time by Wallace & Redford. Funeral services will be held at the home of the deceased at 8 o'clock tomorrow morning, Rev. L. G. Carr officiating, after which the remains will be brought to this city and interred in the Union cemetery.

MRS. ELMINA KEMP.

Elmina C. Kemp, a widow lady residing at 414 Portage street, North Side, died very suddenly, last Saturday. She had been ailing more or less for the past seven years, but was able to be up and around the house nearly all this time. Saturday morning she spoke of feeling much better than usual, doing considerable work around the house, and shortly before ten o'clock sat down for a few moments to partake of a lunch. Almost immediately thereafter she was seized

with a violent hemorrhage, several quarts of blood gushing forth from her mouth, and almost before the eldest daughter realized the seriousness of the case, Mrs. Kemp expired. The deceased was 54 years of age the 20th of last August, and had been a resident of this city since 1874 or '75. She leaves a family of eight children, five sons and three daughters, all of whom live here except Chas., who resides at Ontonagon, Mich. Funeral services were held at the house at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon, Rev. L. G. Carr officiating.

#### They Are Still Figuring.

J. P. Mallick, receiver of the Commercial bank, has not yet figured out the exact condition of that institution. He is being assisted in his work by L. A. Pomeroy, late cashier of the bank, and they are getting matters in shape as rapidly as possible. They expected to be able to announce definitely today the exact figures showing the liabilities and assets, but other complications presented themselves this morning, and it may be several days before matters can be adjusted. Mr. Mallick says, however, that he believes every creditor can and will be paid in full, and has no hesitancy in having THE GAZETTE make that statement.

#### Fire at Dorchester.

The little town of Dorchester, a few miles above Abbotford, was nearly wiped out by fire, last Thursday morning. The fire caught in a meat market, the proprietor of which lost \$600 in currency in addition to his market, stock and dwelling. The fire was a severe blow to Dorchester, and the loss and insurance is given as follows:

	Loss.	Ins.
M. Kleiman, meat market and dwelling.....	\$3,000	\$1,000
John Schaefer, store, postoffice, hotel.....	4,000	4,000
John Schaefer, stock of merchandise.....	4,000	1,500
Fred Gotwasser, hardware.....	8,000	3,700
Anna Gotwasser, millinery.....	1,000	None
Matt Oberillings, saloon and boarding house.....	1,000	None
John Burger, saloon and hotel.....	1,500	1,000
Chas. Hubbard, hotel and saloon.....	1,000	825
Frank Nagle, barber.....	100	None
Henry Hagen, damage to store.....	300	300
E. L. Swarthout, dwelling and contents.....	2,000	1,500

#### They Visit Grand Rapids.

Over forty Stevens Pointers visited Grand Rapids, last Sunday, at which time a special train over the Green Bay road was chartered by Crusade Commandery, Number 17, Knights Templar, of this city, they going down to take part in the Easter services. These were held at the Opera House and were conducted by Rev. R. H. Weller, of Stevens Point. The train left here a few minutes after one o'clock, and upon arriving at its destination, the visitors were met by a delegation of twelve Knights Templar, in uniform. Those from this city were also in uniform, and the parade of thirty-six in line presented a pretty appearance. After the services, which were largely attended, the visitors marched over to the residence of G. J. Jackson, in Centralia, a brother member, who had been sick for a couple of months and was still confined to his home, although nearly able to be about again. The visitors arrived home a few minutes to six o'clock, the train being in charge of Conductor Bigelow, with Engineer Long at the lever.

Among those who went down were: W. B. Buckingham, D. Lloyd Jones and wife, Jas. R. Congdon, A. R. Week, W. O. Lamoreux, A. G. Hamacker, Geo. W. Cone and wife, S. J. Campbell and wife, W. A. Webster, E. M. Copps and wife, F. L. Dille, John Ball and wife, Thos. Ramsdell and wife, Henry Curran, J. D. Curran, Dr. L. M. Gregory, Thos. E. McPhail, M. E. Means, Dr. John Phillips, Geo. S. Rodd and wife, O. O. Little and daughter, W. W. Mitchell and wife, Geo. T. Sweetnam, John Cadman and wife, Rev. R. H. Weller, J. L. Barker, W. T. Whiting and wife, Louis Brill, Will. Moll, Oscar Loberg, T. L. McGlachlin.

#### For Sale.

A twelve room house, centrally located, for sale on reasonable terms. Enquire at this office. 17

#### DR. F. E. WHEET, Physician and Surgeon.

Office and Residence at 732 Strong's Ave. Telephone No. 2. Stevens Point.

#### Improve your Stock!

#### Sir Rohmer 16232,

Trotting bred bay horse; weight 1200 lbs.; absolutely sound. Will stand at Plover, Monday, April 22; Liberty Corners, Tuesday, April 23; Plainfield, Wednesday, April 24; Thursday, Friday and Saturday, at owner's barn, Stevens Point.

Terms, \$25.00 to ensure. Pedigree and particulars, address J. P. ROTHMAN or JOHN MASON.

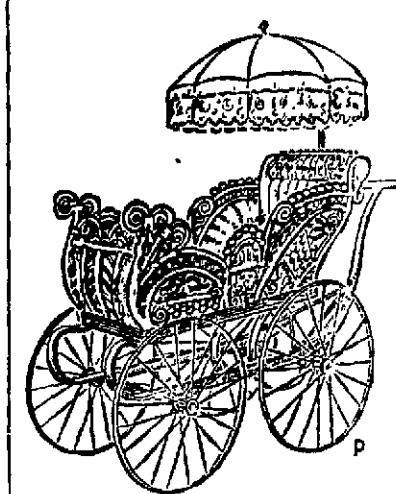
The Canton Elect Officers. At the last meeting of Canton Central City, No. 7, Patriarchs Militant, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Captain—B. H. Koborn. Lieutenant—C. L. Rogers. Ensign—Alex. Ringness. Clerk—T. J. Murray. Accountant—Geo. E. Vaughn.

#### Property For Sale.

The house and lot at 418 Jefferson street, for sale at a bargain. For further particulars, enquire on premises.

The Milwaukee wheat market, yesterday was stronger, closing at 68½c cash or May. Flour was active and steady. Barley closed at 62c, rye at 60c, corn at 47½c and 32½c. Hogs were firmer, ranging at \$4.65@5.10.

THERE is a pretty fight on hand at Madison between La Crosse and West Superior over the location of another Normal School. Large delegations are in attendance from both cities, and the air about the legislative halls is thick with oratory.



Direct from the Manufacturers!

W. H. SKINNER

has just received a full and fine line of

Baby Carriages,

which he will sell at prices ranging from \$6 to \$25.

Look them Over. 417 Main Street.

## NEW AND STYLISH GOODS ARRIVING

DAILY AT

Kuhl Bros.

Don't buy old style and shelf-worn goods when you can buy new choice goods direct from the manufacturers at the same price, which is the cheapest in the long run.

OUR STOCK CONSISTS OF DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, HATS AND CAPS, SHOES AND FURNISHING GOODS,

And are still doing business at the old stand.

Respectfully,

401 Main Street, Corner Third.

KUHL BROS.

OH, SAY,

Have you seen

Those pretty Wash Silks, at	35c
“ pretty Brilliants,	15c
“ 50 in. all wool Serges,	65c
“ 38 in. all wool Henriettas,	50
“ Scotch Plaid Zephyrs,	12½c
“ Silk Striped Challies,	25c
“ Duck Suiting,	12½c
“ Ready Made Dresses,	85c up
“ all linen hem-stitched 50c Towels, for	25c

Try our 25c fast black Children's Hose, for 15c

“ “ leather Stocking, extra long, for	25c
“ “ Table Linen, worth 50c, for	35c
“ “ Extra Large Napkins, worth \$3, at \$2	
“ “ Laundried Shirts, at	50c
“ “ extra large brim Fedora Hats,	\$2.50
“ “ \$5, \$6, \$7.50, \$8 and \$10 all wool Men's Suits.	

One Price Only.

C. O. D. STORE.



### Chronic Nervousness

Could Not Sleep, Nervous Headaches.

Gentlemen:—I have been taking your Restorative Nervine for the past three months and I cannot say enough in its praise. It has Saved My Life, for I had almost given up hope of ever being well again. I was a chronic sufferer from nervousness and could not sleep. I was also troubled with nervous headache, and had tried doctors in vain, until I used your Nervine.

Yours truly,  
MRS. M. WOOD, Ringwood, Ill.

**Dr. Miles' Nervine Cures.**

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at \$1.00, 6 bottles for \$5.00, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles' Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

**Deserving Praise.**

I desire to say to our citizens, that for years I have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Buckner's Kidney Pills, and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. I do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and I stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits.—JOHN CANNAN, druggist, Stevens Point.

**ELLIOTT L. MARTIN,**  
Expert Piano & Organ Tuner.

Address, 114 Third Street,  
STEVENS POINT, WIS.

**DR. L. DERDIGER,**  
Oculist Optician

Will be in Stevens Point, at the established office at JACOB'S HOUSE,  
Wednesday and Thursday, May 15 and 16.

Consultation in English, German and Polish, FREE.

We correct all defects of vision, relieve all eye strain and cure headaches, nervousness, dizziness, blinking, watering, sore, weak or inflamed eyes, pain in the eye-balls and crossed eyes, by our Perfect Fitting Glasses. Popular prices and no extra charge for oculist's examination. Complicated cases and children's eyes a specialty.

Hospital connections with eminent Surgeons in attendance for the treatment of all diseases and operations.

**PROF. O. L. ELLIS,**  
THE OPTICIAN.

Will be in this City Every Four Weeks.  
WATCH FOR THE DATE.

Almost all kinds of Eye troubles cured by properly fitted glasses. Consultation free.  
Office at J. Iverson's Jewelry Store.

**Banks.**

**The First National Bank,**  
Stevens Point, Wis.

Capital \$50,000. Surplus, \$25,000.  
A. R. WEEK, President.  
JAS. KELLY, Vice Pres.  
W. B. BUCKENHORN, Cashier.  
J. W. DUNNAN, Assistant Cashier.

Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to our care. Collections made on all accessible points.

**CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK**  
Of Stevens Point, Wisconsin.

Capital, \$100,000.

State Depository. County Depository. City Depository.  
G. E. MCINTYRE, Cashier. L. C. RUSSELL, Pres.  
R. B. JOHNSON, Asst. Cashier. L. B. BRILL, V. P.

Accounts of Firms and Individuals received on the most favorable terms consistent with sound and conservative banking.

Interest paid on time deposits.  
Drafts, money orders and letters of credit sold on all countries in the world.

**W. E. Langenberg,**  
manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of

**Red Pressed, Building and Fire BRICK.**

Also dealer in  
White Lime, Plastering Hair, Adamant, Wall Plaster, Stuccos, Cements, &c.  
Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge, and orders from abroad promptly attended to. Write for our price list.  
Telephones: Office, No. 46; Works, No. 77.  
Office 106 First Street. Stevens Point, Wis.

## NAPOLEON BONAPARTE.

Petitions to Be Sent to Organize the Turkish Army.

QUELLS REVOLT OF THE SECTIONS.

Regret That He Was Compelled to Kill Frenchmen—Joachim Murat Appears. The Sword of Count Beaulharnais—Falls in Love With Josephine.

(Copyright, 1895, by John Clark Ridpath.)  
IX.—BEGINNING OF ORDER BY THE SWORD.

The motive of Napoleon in refusing to accept an honorable appointment in the field gives rise to speculation. His action reveals both character and policy. He deemed it not expedient to change from artillery to infantry, unless to the independent command of an army. He now foresaw the tremendous opportunities about to be afforded to military genius. War was to be the order of the day, not only for France, but for all Europe. The field opening for the Army of the West was narrow. A general in that quarter must assail Frenchmen only.

In La Vendee there was no British flag—as at Toulon—to add provocation, and justify attack. Loyalty there was



JOSEPHINE.

rampant, and General Hoche, who takes the place intended for Bonaparte, will find it hot work to reduce the insurgent Vendeanes to subjection. The presence of Napoleon in refusing the command lies in the question, What will become of Hoche? Moreover, the rapid changes in the military management of the Republic left little doubt in Napoleon's mind that his services would soon be sought. Finally, the striking of his name from the list of general officers was only from the list of those on active duty. Thus his rank was preserved with little injury to his future prospects.

On the 14th of September, 1794, Napoleon, partially restored to favor, was given the command of the artillery in a proposed expedition to Corsica; and this post he nominally held until March of 1795; but the period was without events. Meanwhile, finding himself with no command at all, he conceived what may be regarded as his first great project of statesmanship.

Bonaparte perceived that the ultimate enemy of the ascendancy of France was England, and that one great arm of her power was her influence in the Eastern Mediterranean countries. This might be broken, mark it well! by the agency of Turkey. The thought of the Corsican was this: If the Republican administration of France will send me to Constantinople, to organize and discipline the Turkish army, then the Ottoman power will be sufficiently strengthened and Europeanized to renounce the influence of Great Britain and, in full autonomy, to become a member of a possible coalition of European powers against the common enemy of all!

During the period of his enforced inactivity at Paris, Napoleon prepared a plan intended for the National Convention, outlining his purpose. It was a virtual petition that he be sent to Constantinople, with six or seven competent officers, to organize the military power of the Turkish empire against Great Britain in the East. Bourrienne justly remarks that if the clerk of the War Office had only written the word "granted" on Napoleon's paper, that one word would probably have changed the political fate of Europe for centuries to come. Napoleon at this time was twenty-six years of age. His scheme was worthy of Richelieu, of Talleyrand, of Metternich, of Disraeli in his ripest years.

The word "granted" was not written. The French Revolution rapidly worked out its own results, and in doing so provided a place for Bonaparte according to the higher laws of destiny. After the overthrow of the Terror the Convention went on, rather temperately, to complete the new frame of government called the "Constitution of the Year III." That instrument was adopted on the 22nd of August, 1795. It proved to be not sufficiently intense for the statesmanship of the Faubourgs. The Parisian centers of agitation began to resound with denunciations of the latent aristocracy in the new plan of government. For about a month the broil was kept up by democratic pamphleteers and orators who made the basements of St. Antoine vocal and smoky with their objections.

Then the mobs began to rise in sacred right of insurrection. Several of the Forty-eighth Sections took up arms against the Convention; and that great body was imperiled by the onrushing of a counter revolution. Matters came to a crisis in the beginning of October. The Convention had to protect itself by force or perish. Swift, swift was the work now necessary to be done. The stifled, but not extinct, Jacobinism of Paris began to follow; and mobs from the disaffected quarters of the city came on tumultuously to assail the Convention Hall and overthrow the existing government.

Never has history shown a more dramatic scene than that which now ensued. It was the 5th of October, 1795. In the peril of the hour the Convention drew to itself the troops that were still faithful to the established order. A commander was necessary. By a hasty decree this dangerous honor was conferred on Paul Francois Barras, president of the Convention. He was intrusted with the fearful responsibility of protecting the body and preserving, if possible, the half-ripe—but ripening—fruits of six years of legislative toil and travail. He had already shown himself capable in two preceding riots. This one, however, was more formidable. What he most of all needed in the emergency was a real commander, who had the courage and skill to extemporize, with all haste, a division of troops for the defense of the government. Barras arose in his place, and nominated as his lieutenant and second in command Napoleon Bonaparte. He had seen that officer at his guns before Toulon.

Napoleon himself was sitting, obscurely, in the gallery when his name was presented for the perilous duty. He accepted; and immediately there was speedy work. A young officer, whom Napoleon knew, Joachim Murat by name—whom history will presently record as the great cavalry general of the empire—was sent with all speed out to the Champ de Sablon, to whirl in the batteries stationed there. In a few hours guns were planted around the Convention Hall, and at the near-by bridges of the Seine, commanding all lines of approach; and at the breaches stood grim gunners with lighted matches.

Here, then, was business for life or death. The insurrection rolled itself in great volumes along the streets. It might be seen coming on like the sea. The Section Lepelletier leads the van. The insurgents got possession of the church of St. Roch, nearby, and then of Pont Neuf, and then bristled up face to face with the guns of the Corsican. There is not a moment's hesitation. The order to fire is quick and sharp. The Convention Hall is suddenly shaken to foundation stones with the roar of artillery. The guns are loaded with grape and canister. Horrid gaps are out in long bloody alleys through the insurgent mob. Men—Frenchmen—are blown by hundreds to horrid death. They go back before the hail of destruction. The National Convention is saved. General Bonaparte has the honor of suppressing the last mob of the French Revolution!

Strange to note what the effect of all this was on the man himself. He was in nowise jubilant. Indeed he had hesitated for a half hour before accepting the place of general against the revolt of Sections. In his report he covered up his own responsibility—as the facts gave him opportunity to do—making it appear, contrary to his wont, that not he, but others, had put down the mob. He had acted only under orders of the National Convention and General Barras! Ever through life, moreover, he looked back with regret to this hour and event of his career. Doubtless, at bottom, he was a Jacobin himself; but he was an Imperial Jacobin. The two elements in his character did not consist; the one was at war with the other.

Thus much only is certain, that Napoleon would gladly have had his great triumph over the Parisian insurgents blotted from the record. No doubt he was at heart at one with insurrection; but he was also the friend of order.

His success in restoring order in the capital may be said to have made Napoleon famous. He had already become an adviser of the Committee of Public Safety. Indeed he held that relation before his name was stricken from the list of generals in active service. Eleven days after the suppression of the Sections, he was made provisionally General of Division, and four days afterwards the "provisionally" was struck out, and he was appointed commander of the Army of the Interior, having as its central field of operations Paris itself.

Destiny reserved for the winter of 1795-96 another capital fact in the life of her devotee. Napoleon found Josephine. He first met her at the house of Barras. She belonged to the Societe des Victimes—"Society of the Victims." To enter this band of the new elite Parisiennes, one must have lost recently a near relative by the guillotine! Josephine had lost one—her husband. The Vicomte Alexandre de Beaulharnais had married Marie Josephine Rosu Taschor, the beautiful Creole of Martinique, in December of 1779. She was then in her seventeenth year. In 1780 the Vicomte came to America with Rochambeau. Afterwards he was a deputy in the States-General, and was twice president of the National Convention. He commanded, under Custine, at Metz, in 1793, when that place was surrendered to the Germans. To surrender was death. He was haled to trial, condemned and guillotined only five days before the collapse of the Terror. When Robespierre fell, the Societe des Victimes was formed. The light creatures took wing like butterflies from the blood-pools of the Place de la Revolution. They still wore crepe on their arms when they began to dance now in Greek sandals and chignons and classical scarfs girdled at the waist. Napoleon saw one of them, and admired and loved.

## WOLF OF WOUNDED KNEE.

The Little Babe Found on the Battlefield Four Years Ago.

Those who remember the terrible battle that took place some four years ago between the Indians of the Pine Ridge agency and the United States regular troops at the place known as Wounded Knee may have forgotten that a girl baby was found on the body of her mother four days after the fight. That Indian baby is alive and well and is now the adopted daughter of General Colby, who took her under his care as soon as she was found and brought her to his wife. Big Foot, chief of the Sioux, had about twenty lodges gathered about him when the outbreak began, but after a terrible fight in the winter not one of the 120 warriors was left to tell the tale; and when the soldiers went over the snow-covered field days afterwards they found the dead body of an Indian squaw and closely held to her breast was a tiny babe about 7 months old. Zintka Lanuni, as she is called, does not seem to be the "Lost Bird" that her name indicates, for when the writer called at the home of Mrs. Colby in Washington a few days ago she came running in and began to speak in excellent English and show some queer balls that she had gathered in her rambles. She is large for her age and seems to be a child of fine intelligence, calling her adopted father and mother, "mother" and "father," and evidently not ever imagining that



ZINTKA COLBY.

she is always regarded with curious eyes by all visitors. She dresses in the same gowns as the little American girls wear and one would never notice her were it not for the Indian cast of the dark features, and the black, straight hair that is combed back from the low brow. Mrs. Colby, who has no children, is as fond of the little waif as if it were her own child, and she will be trained and educated as well as any girl in America.

## SHIPPING MONEY.

It Is Profitable Only When the Consignments Are Big.

Of course there is no profit in carrying a single shipment of \$1,000 at the rate paid to the United States Express company. The profits lie in handling very large sums in one shipment. The largest haul ever made by the company was \$15,000, taken from Washington to New York in 1889. It was in bills of very large denomination, which were contained in two wooden boxes. Though a special guard went with this shipment, the expense of the haul was not much greater than if the boxes had held \$1,000 each. And for this work the express company received \$2,250. This was a very profitable shipment. The express company would have liked to have the contract for carrying the \$20,000,000 shipped from San Francisco to New York a few years ago. The United States Express company does not handle any currency or coin west of the Missouri river. If the shipment had been in territory east of the Missouri the company could have insisted on carrying it under its contract. But as it was outside the contract territory it was optional with the government to make its own arrangement for the haul. The secretary of the treasury asked for bids for the hauling of this vast sum, and the best rate he could obtain was \$60,000, from the Wells-Fargo company. Figuring the haul at 3,265 miles, the regular rate for hauling the money would have been \$90,320; but on so large a sum such a rate would have been absurd. The secretary of the treasury got ahead of the express companies by having 600 wooden boxes of special design made, and shipping the gold across the continent by registered mail. The entire cost of the shipment was about \$2,500.

## New Spanish Minister.

The appointment of Senor Dupuy de Lome as Spanish minister to the United States meets with approval in Washington.



SEÑOR DE LOME.

ington and he will be received with the same ceremony accorded the dignitaries of other European monarchies who send representatives to Washington. Lome succeeds Muruga, who resigned as a result of our recent trouble with Spain. The latter could not get along with Secretary Gresham and committed the unpardonable offense of saying so to the representative of an American newspaper. Had he not resigned, he would in all probability have received his passports.

Whitlaw Reid recently gave \$500 for mission work in Egypt.

## H. D. McCulloch Co.

Invite you to inspect their large line of PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, BRUSHES and the latest designs in

## WALL PAPER.

CEILING DECORATIONS, WINDOW SHADES, etc.

If in need of anything in this line you should consult the

## H. D. McCulloch Co.

[1st pub. Apr. 10—1ns. 7.]  
NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE. WHEREAS, Frank Van Tassel is now the legal owner and holder of a certain mortgage bearing date Sept. 30th, 1891, executed by Samuel K. Furlong and Christena L. his wife, mortgagors, to Frank Van Tassel, mortgagee, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Portage county, Wisconsin, on the 1st day of October, 1891, at 9 o'clock A. M., in Vol. 1 of Mortgages, on page 128, which said mortgage contains a power of sale upon default being made in any of the conditions thereof, and whereas default has been made in the conditions of said mortgage by the nonpayment of the interest thereon, and whereas there is now claimed to be due and unpaid thereon, at this date, the sum of One Hundred Forty-four and 10/100 Dollars for interest, together with the sum of Fifty Dollars stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure thereof, and whereas no action has been commenced to recover the debt or any part thereof secured by said mortgage; Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises under a power of sale, pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, at public vendue to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house in the city of Stevens Point, Portage county, Wisconsin, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon on the 23rd day of May, 1895. The description of the mortgaged premises is as follows, to-wit: The west half of the southwest quarter and the west half of the southwest quarter of section eight (8), township twenty-one (21) north, of range ten (10) east, of Portage county, Wisconsin.  
Dated April 6, 1895.  
FRANK VAN TASSELL, Mortgagee.  
CHAS. CHURCHILL, Atty. for Mortgagee.  
JOHN L. KELLY, Sheriff of Portage Co., Wis.

[1st pub. Apr. 3—4 1ns.]  
PROBATE NOTICE.—In the County Court for Portage County, Wisconsin, in the matter of the will of Elizabeth Peckert, deceased.  
Notice is hereby given that at the regular term of the County Court, to be held in and for said county, at the Court House, in the city of Stevens Point, in said county, on the first Tuesday next, to-wit, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following matter will be heard and considered:  
The application of A. G. Green, to admit to probate the last will and testament of Elizabeth Peckert, late of the city of Stevens Point, in said county, deceased, and for letters testamentary thereon to be issued to said petitioner.  
April 3, 1895. By Order of the Court,  
JOHN A. MURAT, County Judge.

[First pub. April 3—1ns. 7.]  
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.—Land Office at Wausau, Wis., April 1, 1895.  
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before John A. Murat, County Judge of Portage County, at Stevens Point, Wis., on May 23rd, 1895, viz: Sidney M. Parks, B. E. No. 5722, for the NW 1/4 NW 1/4 of Sec. 22, T. 25 N., R. 8 E.  
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Chas. G. Swanson, Hans Peterson, Ole Anderson, Jacob Oleson, all of Junction City, Portage county, Wis.  
LOUIS MARCHETTI, Register.

[First pub. Nov. 21—10 July.]  
TAKE NOTICE.  
All persons indebted to August Oetker are hereby notified to call and pay all dues, and pay no bill or any other indebtedness to any of the except to the undersigned, special executors of the estate of the said August Oetker, deceased.  
Stevens Point, Wis., Nov. 20, 1894.  
JOHN MASSMAN,  
JOSEPH FRANK.

[First pub. March 27—7 1ns.]  
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.—Land Office at Wausau, Wis., March 26, 1895.  
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver of U. S. Land Office at Wausau, Wis., on May 14, 1895, viz: Sidney M. Parks, B. E. No. 5722, for the NW 1/4 NW 1/4 of Sec. 25, and NW 1/4 NW 1/4 of Sec. 36, T. 25 N., R. 7 E.  
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Rudolph W. Parks, Layton T. Fox, Eugene Clendenen, Ellsworth Tuttle, all of Plover, Portage Co., Wis.  
LOUIS MARCHETTI, Register.

[1st pub. March 27, 95.—1ns. 7.]  
STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT FOR PORTAGE COUNTY.  
In the matter of the voluntary assignment of Michael Clifford.  
At a special term held in the Court House in the City of Wausau, in the County of Portage, Wisconsin, on the 15th day of March, 1895.

On this 15th day of March, A. D. 1895, upon the filing of the application for discharge from his debts of the above-named Michael Clifford, praying that he may be discharged from his debts, in pursuance of the provisions of Chapter 385, laws of 1889, and on motion of Carl E. Jones & Sanborn, attorneys for said insolvent debtor.  
It is Hereby Ordered, (1) That all the creditors of the said Michael Clifford show cause, if any they have, before the Circuit Court for Portage county, at a special term thereof, to be held at the Court House in the City of Grand Rapids, in the County of Wood, State of Wisconsin, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1895, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as the matter can be heard, why such insolvent debtor should not be discharged from his debts under said Chapter 385 of the laws of 1889, and why such order and further order should not be made as shall be just and equitable in the premises; and  
(2) That a copy of this order be published once in each week for six successive weeks prior to the day of hearing, in THE GAZETTE, which is a newspaper published at Stevens Point, in the county of Portage, in the State of Wisconsin, which is the county in which said application is made.

(3) That a copy of such application and of this order, be, within five days from the date of this order, deposited in the postoffice, postpaid, directed to each of the creditors of such insolvent debtor whose address is known to such insolvent debtor.  
This order is made under the voluntary assignment above mentioned, which was filed at the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Portage County, Wisconsin, on the 5th day of February, 1895, which Clerk's name and postoffice address are: J. Delaney, Stevens Point, Wisconsin. The name and address of the assignee therein are: W. B. Buckingham, Stevens Point, Wisconsin, and said application for discharge was filed on the 15th day of March, 1895, in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Portage county, Wisconsin.  
Dated at Wausau, Wisconsin, this 15th day of March, A. D. 1895. By the Court,  
CHAS. M. WERN, Judge.

## MIEDING'S PHARMACY

DEUTSCHE APOTHEKE.

R. H. MIEDING & CO.,  
(Successors to F. L. Saunders)

—DEALERS IN—

DRUGS & MEDICINES,  
Toilet Articles,  
Stationery,  
PAINTS, OILS, BRUSHES,  
and Wall Paper.

Prescriptions a Specialty.

449 MAIN STREET,  
NEXT DOOR TO POSTOFFICE.

J. D. CURRAN. L. WIESNER.

## Curran & Wiesner

—dealers in—

HORSES,  
CATTLE,  
MULES, ETC.

We receive a car load of horses every week, and have the best stock brought to Wisconsin, including

Driving and Draft Horses,  
BROOD MARES, ETC.

Our prices will be found right, and we will deal justly with all.

Main Office, Stevens Point.  
Stables on Brown Street.

## PUMPS, WINDMILLS

—and—

Farm Machinery.

On North Third Street you will find

A. O. VAUGHN

better than ever prepared to furnish you

Force Pumps, Wood and Steel Windmills, Kalamazoo Tubulars, Garden Hose, Hay Rakes and Forks, Cultivators, Plows, Spring Tooth Harrows, Feed Cutters, Feed Mill Horse Powers, Binder Twine, Machine Oils, &c., &c.

Also Agent for Champion and Osborne Harvesting Machinery, and Springfield and J. I. Case Threshing Machines.

Repairs for all machines on hand and work promptly done and All Work Warranted.

ALBERT V. FETTER,

High Grade Plumbing,

Steam and Hot Water Heating.

436 Main St. Stevens Point, Wis.





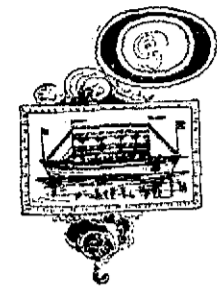


STEVENS POINT, WIS., APRIL 17, 1895.

## WORLD'S PROGRESS.

AS INDICATED BY DISCOVERY AND INVENTION.

The Summer Residence in England—A Clock in the Heavens—Laying a Trawl Line—Scales That Weigh a Pencil Mark.



ONE of the features of life in England is the houseboat as a summer residence. Instead of wearing himself out and exhausting his purse by going to a watering place your wealthy Englishman hires a tugboat to tow his floating home up the Thames, and rests him content, angling for fish that never bite and smoking. The inventor of the house boats is unknown. Encyclopaedias are discreetly silent on the subject, and a careful research of long established journals fails to find any mention of the term previous to 1884. In some inscrutable way, though, it has become known that a certain merchant, a perfumer, in Bond street, London, made use of the first house boat in English waters as long ago as the year 1835. He adopted the idea of having a movable summer cottage on the waves, and he lodged his family in that unique fashion for several seasons without attracting any particular attention from his neighbors. Since that time house boats have become popular in England, and the Thames just above the capital is full of them; anchored all along the shore, sometimes so near together that the inmates walk across from one boat to the other by a conveniently arranged passageway. Recently a company has been organized in New York for the purpose of building and renting house boats. This will satisfy the yearnings of the simian position, pointing almost due east like and imitative Manhattanese for something distinctly English.

A Time Piece in the Heavens. In his cot in the big hospital the patient, having dozed half the day, now

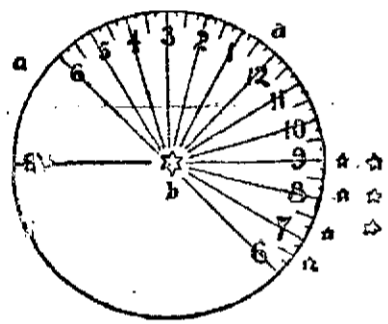


DIAGRAM OF CLOCK.

a, a, a, apparent orbit of the Dipper around the North Star; b, North Star; c, tal position, pointing almost due east c, Dipper.

lies wide awake in the darkness. At the other end of the ward the clock is ticking, but its face is hidden in the gloom, and how is he to tell how the hours are passing? Looking northward through a high window just beside his cot he finds his question answered. He sees there the Great Bear, commonly known in part as the Dipper, climbing upward to its highest perch in the heavens. Why not convert the two uppermost stars of yonder dipper into the hands of a clock? It is 9 o'clock, and they are hanging in a nearly horizontal position pointing almost due east to the north star, and elevated only a little more than the star from the horizon. Where will they be at 12, at 2, at 4, or at any hour when the weary, restless patient wants to know the time? It is a question to be wrought out mathematically, or rather diagrammatically. Before proceeding with the construction of the celestial dial, however, it will be best to say a few words about the interior mechanism of the clock for the instruction of the unlearned. Why does the dipper always describe a circle around the north star, never sinking below the horizon? Look at the following picture of the earth, the north star and the dipper, and the subject will be perfectly plain. Were the spec-



THE DIPPER'S POSITION.

a, a, earth; b, axis of the earth; c, North Pole; d, South Pole; e, point of observation in the latitude of New York; f, North Star; g, seven stars of the Dipper, the two upper stars of the constellation always aligned on the North Star.

tators located at the North Pole the north star would be directly overhead. Were the spectator at the equator, it would be seen at the horizon. When seen from these latitudes it follows that it is as we see it on any starry night. The dipper is so near the unchanging north star that in these latitudes it never rises or sets like respectable stars, but keeps up its perpetual dance around it. Further south it rises and sets, for the north star sinks and the dipper sinks with it, but with us it is compelled to take part in a perpetual masquerade, in full view. Now for the celestial clock, whose machinery was put in motion at the beginning of time. It will not have two

hands, certainly, for it will be able to tell the hours and minutes. If not the seconds, with only one. But there will be no use of wasting words in explanatory text when a diagram will serve us more lucidly and make the entire suggestion more easily comprehensible. The long sides radiating from the center of the circle mark the hours that intervene between the setting and the rising of the sun when the days and nights are of equal length. The short lines indicate the half and quarter hours, and the unmarked segment of the circle represents the portion over which the dipper passes during the twelve hours of daylight when it is invisible. But it is always found at the old stand to the right of the north star, but somewhat higher in the heavens at 9 o'clock in the evening. The dial is not accurately marked. The patient has not accessible either the astronomical instruments or opportunities for observation needed for accuracy.

## A Water Pipe Trouble.

The way in which pipes sometimes become mysteriously clogged is illustrated by the following from the Sanitary Plumber: "Arriving at the dwelling containing the troublesome closet, I went in and uncoupled the supply coupling at the valve, and with the water off blowed through the pipe. Judging from the ease with which the air passed through the pipe, it seemed that the supply was not at fault, and the plumber assured me that he had blown through it himself, long before. Nevertheless, I produced a small pocket mirror and directed a light to the interior of the coupling and pipe; there in an instant's glance I detected the cause of the failure. In making the joint which joined the valve coupling to the supply pipe, solder had run through and half filled the bore of the pipe. As the couplings for these valves are large, this would not ordinarily have caused the great reduction in the supply experienced in this case. The bulk of the solder which had run through hung free in the shape of a large lima bean. At the coupling end of the beam it was effectually hinged to the solder of the joint where it ran through. One could blow through the pipe easily from the coupling end, but scarcely at all from the supply side, as the air or water would catch the solder bean and throw it across the waterway of the pipe, stopping its egress almost as effectually as would the clack of a check valve put on wrong side to. We pinched the solder out of the pipe and the closet worked charmingly. The plumber and his boss looked very crestfallen when the cause of the trouble became known, and did all they could to make amends."

## Laying Trawl Lines.

Trawl lines are laid along the bottom and kept in position by an anchor at each end. They are usually set for codfish or haddock. They may be from 350 to 500 feet long. Hooks on very short pieces of line, so that they remain close to the bottom, are placed six feet apart along the trawl line. On each of these short lines, to keep the hook afloat, there is a cork, which is held in place by a knot in the line above and below. At each end a line runs up to the surface of the water, where a buoy is attached to it. By means of these buoys the fisherman is enabled to identify and locate his trawl lines when he goes to take them up.

In picking up trawl lines two men start at one end in a dory. When they have pulled up one anchor and have got one end of the line one man pulls the dory along over it while the other picks the line up and takes off the fish. Then the line is reset or taken back to the fishing vessel.

Sometimes trawl lines are joined together end to end, making practically single lines of great length; in this manner there are sometimes trawl lines a mile long. Sometimes in bad weather trawl lines are laid out from the fishing vessel in lines like the ribs of a fan, lessening the dangers incident to taking them up by reducing as far as possible the distance from the vessel.

—New York Sun.

## They Weigh a Pencil Mark.

Scales are now made of such nice adjustment that they will weigh anything to the smallest hair plucked from the eyebrow. They are triumphs of mechanism and are in glass cases, as the slightest breath of air would impair their records. The glass cases have a sliding door, and as soon as the weight is placed in the balance the door slides down. The balances are cleared again and made ready for further use by the pressing of a button, which slightly raises the beams. Two pieces of paper of equal weight can be placed in the scales, and an autograph written in pencil on either place will cause the other side to ascend, and the needle, which indicates the divisions of weight, even to the ten millionth part of a pound and less, will move from its perpendicular. A signature containing nine letters has been weighed and proved to be exactly two milligrammes, or the fifteen-thousand-five-hundredth part of an ounce troy.

## Cement Mortar.

About eight parts of furnace ashes, slag, or coke, four parts of slaked lime, and one of clay, are taken and mixed dry so as to form a cement, which, on mixing with water, sets in the ordinary way. The proportions of the materials may be varied so as to produce either an aerial or hydraulic cement.

## FOR WOMEN AND HOME

CURRENT READING FOR DAMES AND DAMSELS.

A Pretty Walking Toilet—Trillby Shoes—American Girl Abroad—A Parisian Folly—The Ideal Man—Patterns for the Blind.

HATS ARE TO BE as showy as possible, but the picturesqueness of the big drooping plumes that have all winter long nodded from women's headgear can in a large measure be replaced by flowers and lace. Feathers will have but a slight hold on big hats, but in toques they hold their own. A new toque of a novel sort is shown here, consisting of a wire frame with very low crown covered with a waved weave in which straw and velvet are mixed. The brim is made of a wide fold of this material, doubled up to form the full puffed brim. Several loops and bows of Nile green satin and three ostrich tips trim it. Two of these are put on the right side with the remainder of the garniture and the third plume droops over the crown. In bonnet shapes it is the Dutch style of head-dress that will, with its many variations, adapt itself to fancy. The very simple and prettiest are made on a foundation fillet of silver or gold wire made spring-like to fit close on the head wherever it may be placed. The wire is woven and braided loosely and



SOME SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES IN HEADWEAR.

jeweled here and there. Through the spacings ribbon or lace is drawn closely into loops placed as fancy dictates. For the woman who does not like to have the crown of her head bare from the psyche to her brow, the Dutch shape is modified by a bit of lace which gets snugly over the top of the head, coming as far forward as she likes and being held in place just at the parting of the hair by a rhinestone buckle. Of course the Dutch bonnet can be had at the milliner's, with the little lace skull cap attachment permanent and wired, or a quarter of a yard of lace can be adjusted after the narrow Dutch is in place. The effect will be just the same and the only difference will be in the bill, which, if obtained at a first-class millinery establishment, will be high—Florette, in Chicago Inter Ocean.

## A Walking Toilet

A stylish dress of velvet and colored satin that is being made for an April trousseau, is illustrated. The satin is striped, with green and blue shades predominating, intermixed artistically with fine lines of yellow, rose and white, all the stripes running across the web. The full, plain skirt, with its wealth of fashionable organ-plaits, is finished about the bottom with a plinge of velvet in a ruffle of the shade of the satin, and has a gulle of silk set about the in-

side of the skirt. The waist is a semi-blouse made over a smoothly fitted lining, but full enough back and front and long enough in the forms for the satin to droop just a trifle over the pointed belt of peacock-green velvet. The huge sleeves and the stock at the throat are also of velvet. For warmer weather later in the season, a stock of chiffon the color of the yellow in the satin might be substituted. For the cool days when



a shoulder-strap is needed, the butterfly cape of chinchilla, depicted in the illustration, will be sufficient, as the sleeves of the dress are of themselves warm. The hat is of black braid.

the blind seem to have an extra sense to enable them to distinguish color by the feel of the wools and silks, they can only work with the teacher at hand to tell them the number of stitches to be worked with each tint, and the introduction of these raised patterns should prove a great help.

## The Ideal Man.

Probably every girl has at some time or other formed a vague and misty picture of the man she intends to marry. This ideal husband, as a rule, is endowed with every mental, moral and physical grace. Faults are left out entirely from his general makeup, and yet he is by no means to be of such uncommon clay that he will be above exhibiting a demonstrative affection and adoring admiration for the woman who has so long enshrined his image in the holiest recess of her heart. Girls seldom marry their first ideals, and it is a blessed thing that they do not, for those brain pictures have a kaleidoscopic fusion of changing, and the woman of 23 admires a very different creature from the girl of 17. Again ideal men are not real men, and a woman wants something that she can more thoroughly rely upon than a bunch of visionary perfection. Let a man come along whom the woman's heart recognizes as the one being in the world to make her happy, and away goes those phantom pictures over which she has spent so many moments in maiden meditation. The ideal man may have been tall and fair, the real one dark and dumpy, but if he is beloved he will be sufficiently beautiful to satisfy even the idealist conception. Men and women are but loving, breathing human beings after all, and it is much better for faults to be seen than to build up an excited sentiment regarding frail humanity which is found by the very nature of things

## OUR WIT AND HUMOR.

HAPPY HITS BY THE FUNNY WRITERS.

A Dark Intuition—Asking Too Much—A Little Learning is a Dangerous Quantity—A Hard Pull—Flotsam and Jetsam.

COUPLE OF TEXAS darkys met, and began talking over matters and things. "How is ole Col. Jones comin' on, what used to own you before the war? He is so old he must be gettin' childish and losin' his reasonin' powers."

"Don't know nuffin' about him—hain't seed him since befoah las' Christmas." "Why, what's the matter?" "Ain't got no use for sich ole gemmans. Last time I was dar I fotched him a big fish I had cotched. I tole him ef he would gimme a table knife I would scrimp an' clean de fish for him. What do yous s'pose he said?" "Asked yer for come and get a dram and chat awhile about ole times on de ole plantation?" "No, sah; he tole me ef I couldn't borrow a table knife from some ob de nabors dat he would rather clean de fish hisself."

"What did he mean by dat ar?" "I s'pose he was afeared I'd be keerness in handlin' de knife back when I got done wid it."

"The other darkey rubbed his chin and remarked: 'I sees by dat ar dat de ole man's still got de use of his reasonin' powers.'—Texas Siftings.

A Little Learning is a Dangerous Thing. "Tee gwinter take this medicine right back to de drug sto'! I tole 'em I wanted it fer my wife, an' here dey is



give me a bottle or som' kinder stuff what wuz put up for somebody else—ole General Dehility—who eber he is."—Texas Siftings.

He Was Sensitive. "You are an ignominious ass." "Look here, I'll not stand that. I'll see my lawyer and have him sue you for libel." "I ought not to have used such language. Here is a quarter. Let us call it square." "No, sir, never! You don't know me. When a man calls me an ignominious ass I never compromise under fifty cents."

Silent Theater Parties. Mrs. De Style—I wonder what is the best way of arranging theater parties, and the supper for them. Philosopher—Serve the supper in the box during the performance. While their mouths are full they can't talk.

Asking Too Much. Weary Walker—Will you not be so kind as to assist me with a little money? "I'd never give anything to a big, stout, healthy man like you," replied Mr. Uptown. "Well, do you suppose I'm going to



get the galloping consumption from the couple of pennies you might give me? retorted the indignant crossroads tourist.—Texas Siftings.

Baby Smiled. Gushing Visitor—And so this is your little baby brother? Bessem little tooth-wonts! See him smile. What's a little bessed pottle smiling about? Boston Child (apologetically)—He isn't old enough to know that he ought to keep a straight face, even if your pronunciation is a little peculiar.

A Modest Musician. Young lady—You are a wonderful master of the piano, I hear. Professor von Spieler (thired for the occasion)—I blay aggompaniments sometimes. "Accompaniments to singing?" "Aggompaniments to conversations."





**SWEET**  
**REPORT**  
 THE OLD RELIABLE  
**SWEET CAPORAL**  
**CIGARETTE**  
 Has stood the Test of Time  
 MORE SOLD THAN ALL OTHER BRANDS COMBINED

**More Locals**

—Go to the Cheap Cash store.

—Frank P. Collins returned to Oconto on Friday, after spending several days very pleasantly in this city.

—P. Leonard & Son, on Clark street, have the exclusive agency for the Silver Leaf tea, the best in the market. Try it.

—M. S. McKee, the traveling man who makes his home at Thorp, was a pleasant caller when in the city on Friday.

—The North Side Lumber Co. is headquarters for all kinds of builders' material, and customers can be accommodated on short notice.

—Mrs. Bradford, Miss Linton, Miss Quinn and Miss Faddis, all Normal teachers, visited the Oshkosh Normal the last two days of the week.

—We are not only "practical," but we are also "reasonable" in our prices on jobbing, or contract work.

**ALBERT V. FETTER.**

—F. A. Felton, who represents Hall & Brown, the St. Louis machinery manufacturers, started for the north, the first of this week, where he expects to remain for some time.

—Burglar and fire proof safety deposit boxes for rent by the Citizens National Bank. Prices, \$3.00 per year and upwards. The only burglar proof deposit boxes in this part of the state.

—A delegation of Foresters will visit Marshfield, next Friday evening, at which time preliminary steps will be taken toward the organization of a Court of the Catholic Order of Foresters in that city.

—Choice family groceries, as well as canned and bottle goods, flour and vegetables, can always be obtained at the lowest cash prices by calling upon Theo. Johnson & Co., the Strong's avenue grocers, Prentice block.

—The H. D. McCulloch Co. is headquarters for paints, oils and wall paper, they having one of the finest and largest stocks in this locality. They carry nothing but the best and purest in paints, and guarantee every can sold.

—Chas. A. Norton, of McGill, who lost one of his feet and a portion of the other by being run over by a freight car, between Waukesha and Chicago, some months ago, is again able to be around, getting about with the aid of an artificial limb. He was on our streets for the first time last Friday.

**For Sale on Easy Terms.**

Eight lots on Main street, opposite fair grounds, \$200 each. Four lots on Clark st., opposite 3rd ward school house, price \$300 each. Three lots in the same block, facing Ellis street, price \$250 each. Two lots on East Side, with excellent house and barn, 3 minutes walk from machine shop, price \$1,000. Two lots, with fine house, three minutes walk from post-office, price \$3,800. One twelve room house, corner Mill and Elk streets, price \$2,000. Two lots on west side (St. Louis Ave.) price \$100 each. 160 acres of beautiful farming land in Southern Kansas, to exchange for city property here. Apply at this office.

**A Million Friends.**

A friend in need is a friend indeed, and not less than one million people have found just such a friend in Dr. King's New Life-Giving Cough Syrup, Cough and Cold. If you have never used this Great Cough Medicine, one trial will convince you that it has wonderful curative powers in all diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs. Each bottle is guaranteed to do all that is claimed or money will be refunded. Trial bottles free at John Cadman's drug store. Large bottles 50c. and \$1.00.

**Coal! Coal! Coal!!!**

I am now prepared to take orders for coal for the coming season, the same to be delivered at any time after the 1st of August. The patronage of the public is solicited. Come and see me before placing your orders. Now is the time to buy.

**A. G. GREEN.**

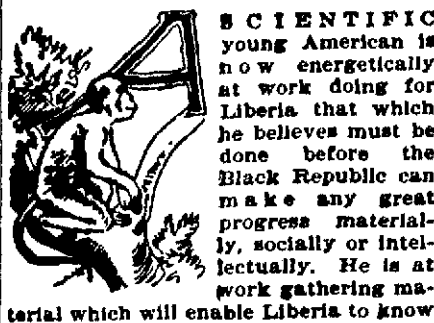
For neuralgia, head and toothache, rheumatism and all pains, use Dullam's German Liniment, at Mieding's.

Buy Dullam's German 25 cent Cough Cure at Mieding's.

The greatest worm destroyer on earth is Dullam's German Worm Lozenges, only 5 cents per box. For sale by Mieding & Co.

**THE BLACK REPUBLIC**  
**EFFORTS TO FURTHER LIBERIA'S PROGRESS.**

Prof. O. F. Cook, Collecting Information With a View of Demonstrating the Resources of the Land—Natural Advantages Wasted.



**SCIENTIFIC**

young American is now energetically at work doing for Liberia that which he believes must be done before the Black Republic can make any great progress materially, socially or intellectually. He is at work gathering material which will enable Liberia to know herself—to know her natural resources. This work is being done by Prof. O. F. Cook, formerly connected with the Syracuse University, under the auspices of the New York State Colonization Society. Prof. Cook, as the results of two visits to Liberia, frankly states that there is grave danger of that republic retrograding in civilization, if such retrogression has not already begun, unless the Liberians have such scientific knowledge of their own country as will intelligently direct the development of its resources and the education of its youth so that they may aid in its material development. There are parts of Liberia as little known as the North Pole, says Prof. Cook. With an almost limitless country, capable of producing the finest coffee in the world, there are no roads along which plantations might be opened up and no schools to teach the youth even such knowledge of engineering as would enable them.

"Prof. Cook's report contains the important views of a scientific and intelligent investigation, and is not in the nature of transient news. It will be as valuable for some time in the future as it is at present. The International Migration Society that is reported to have chartered a steamer to take a company of negroes from Savannah, Ga., to Liberia has no connection with this society. From the start we did not deem the plan feasible and declined to endorse it, or allow them to use our name in connection with the enterprise."



**PROF. O. F. COOK.**

tion to Liberia has gone on under the expectation that education and improvement were to be made possible. The responsibility of meeting this expectation is not obviated because certain theories have not worked successfully. "The negro must develop himself sounds well; but to let the welfare of thousands suffer because certain individuals have not seemed sufficiently developed to meet unwarrantable expectations is an unfair and cruel shift of responsibility."

There are no horses to aid in transportation and no knowledge concerning the breeding and care of horses, although it is known that horses and cattle can be acclimatized there. There are navigable rivers, but freight is carried along their banks on the backs of men. There is native iron ore so rich that it polishes under the feet of the carriers, and in the "college" the students are not taught geology, or metallurgy, but study text books on useless subjects, and even those text books were abandoned in this country seventy-five years ago. The country has resources to make it rich and great, but the science of its resources has never received the attention of its own government, or of any other Government or society which has sought to assist in developing the republic. The New York State Colonization Society is not aiding emigration from this country to Liberia. It is now devoting all its resources to acquiring for itself and to giving to the Liberian Government a scientific knowledge of its resources and possibilities. If the result of this knowledge is negro emigration from this country to Liberia, the society will be pleased, but it will not aid that emigration unless it acquires other sources of revenue than it now has, and before telling the story of Prof. Cook's observations in Liberia it may as well be explained that the parent society of the New York Society, the American Colonization Society of Washington, has practically ceased aiding negroes to emigrate to Liberia.

**Parisian Folly.**

The latest thing out in Paris is the "Mode Magasin" for dogs, recently established by an inventive dressmaker. A pretty furnished room awaits the four-footed customers, and is provided with a refreshment table, whence biscuits and other canine dainties are lavishly bestowed on the favored animals. The dogs, or rather their owners, can purchase in the shop everything in the way of dog requirements. And even more, it is said, there is a fashion journal for dogs, and patterns of stuff for dogs' attire are at desire sent on approval.

**A SUBSTITUTE FOR GAS.**

Acetylene and Carbides From a Commercial Point of View.

An interesting paper upon the "Carbides and Acetylene Commercially Considered" was read recently at the Franklin Institute by Dr. J. J. Buckert, assisted by Thomas L. Wilson, who gave some interesting experiments with calcium carbide and showed the illuminating value of liquified acetylene as produced from it. The whole constituted a thorough exposition of the recent discovery which has attracted very wide attention. During the course of his paper Dr. Buckert, after giving a description of the discovery, said: "It has been demonstrated that one electrical horse power will produce thirty pounds of caloric carbide in twenty-four hours, or at a cost of \$5 per ton, and acetylene produced from this will yield a gas that can be sold at a profit at a price which, based on equal candle power, will place ordinary illuminating gas, such as is now furnished by the city at 5 cents per thousand. It would take 12,500 cubic feet of Philadelphia gas to give the same illumination as 1,000 feet of acetylene gas. Taking Philadelphia gas at its present price the consumer would pay \$12.50 for the same illumination as it is possible to produce in acetylene gas for about 25 cents. Acetylene can be supplied to customers in liquid form. One steel tube 5 feet long by 4 1/4 inches in diameter will hold 69 pounds of acetylene, which will produce 1,000 cubic feet of gas, or a candle power equal to 12,500 cubic feet of Philadelphia gas, and will supply a house of from ten to thirteen rooms for about three months." During the reading of the paper the process of combining in an electrical furnace such common materials as lime and carbon and the liquefaction of the product was fully illustrated by Mr. Wilson, who then applied a light to the burner attached to a tank of the gas, showing a white, steady flame almost as bright as an arc light.—Philadelphia Times.

**A SOLDIER'S LESSON.**

**His Officer Taught Him That He Had No Right to Be Afraid.**

At Sebastopol, during the siege, a Captain Samoiloff, wishing some wine, ordered an officer to send a man after it. The man, a young soldier, took the money and started to do the errand. Just then, however, a French battery had concentrated its fire on the very spot where the young man must go outside the works, says the San Francisco Argonaut. He stopped and then turned back. "I wouldn't go out there for the world," he said. The officer, of course, reported the act of disobedience to the captain. The captain, in a rage, ordered the man into his presence, and demanded why he had not obeyed his captain's order. "I beg you to pardon me, captain, but I was terribly afraid."

"Afraid!" cried the captain. "Afraid! A Russian soldier afraid! Wait a minute. I will drive the fear out of you. Come with me."

The captain led the way to the rampart, mounted it and there with the bullets raining round him began putting the man through some military exercises. The lookers-on in the fort held their breath. If a hat was put on a bayonet and lifted above the walls the bullets came that way on the instant. Not many seconds elapsed before a bullet struck the captain in the arm. He did not wince, but kept on with the drill, while the blood dripped down his hand to the wall. Next a bullet went through the tail of the soldier's coat and another through his knapsack. Then suddenly the firing ceased. The soldier begged for grace and promised to go wherever he was sent. Still the captain continued his drill. When he thought the lesson had been learned, or, perhaps, when his arm grew too painful, he dismissed the soldier and went himself to the surgeon and had his wound dressed. The French explained afterward that they ceased firing out of sheer astonishment at the sight of the two men exposing themselves so recklessly.

**KEYS CAUSED TROUBLE.**

**Rose Coghlan and Bessie Bonehill Had Strange Experiences**

There seems to be something fatal to actresses' latch keys in the air of West Sixty-fifth street. It is only a little more than two years ago that Rose Coghlan, after an evening drive with John T. Sullivan, found herself without a latch key on her own doorstep, and with the assistance of Mr. Sullivan, had to boost herself through her own cellar window. That latch key practically drove Miss Coghlan into matrimony, for when the story was printed in the newspapers Miss Coghlan felt so compromised by the occurrence that she married Mr. Sullivan at once. And now another latch key has been making trouble on the same street. About 1 o'clock on Tuesday morning a plump little woman was observed trying to raise one of the ground-floor windows in an apartment house near the corner. A policeman crept up behind her and seized her by the shoulder. The young woman gave vent to a piercing shriek and exclaimed "Don't you dare lay a finger on me. I'm Bessie Bonehill, the actress, and I'm only trying to break into my own flat. It took ten minutes hard talking to convince the policeman and by that time the janitor had come to the rescue. And now Miss Bonehill carries five latch keys.—New York Evening Sun.

**The Wrong City.**

Percy T. Cook, a Michigan commercial traveler, who resides in Brooklyn, is so absent-minded that he writes letters to himself to towns where he is going, reminding himself of business he must attend to there. He recently arrived at Grand Rapids and was handed several letters he had written to himself. Then he swore, saying he should have sent the letters to Chicago, and have been there that minute to receive them. Then he bolted for a train to Chicago.

**Ticked by Royalty.**

Like her sister republic across the Atlantic, democratic France is only too pleased to have royalty as her guest. French journals are recounting with pride that the Riviera has never had so many royal guests as this season. An emperor, two empresses, four queens, three kings, and twenty-three royal and imperial highnesses make up the list.

**YOUNG WESTERN POET.**

**Nixon Waterman Has Achieved Fame as a Reader and Writer.**

Nixon Waterman, the philosophical poet-humorist, insists that health is more catching than disease, and that a song can be heard further than a sigh. He believes that life is worth the living, and reasons, therefore, that death may be worth the dying.

The key-note to Mr. Waterman's songs is located somewhere about midway between a smile and a tear, and humor and pathos are delicately blended in his lines. He is never pessimistic and his verses are the right sort to read on a dark day—they are full of sunshine. He is thoroughly alive, and if his writings honestly reflect his thought, he is really glad of it. Sometimes there is a tinge of sadness in his words, but as a rule they are much more suggestive of a robin's song at daybreak. On the other hand, his optimism is not of the blissfully mistaken sort. He points the rainbow, but he doesn't guarantee that there is a bag of gold at the end of it. He tells us to have faith in all mankind, but to keep an eye out for the green goods and gold-brick sharper. He says we should be kindly thoughtful regarding



**NIXON WATERMAN.**

the comfort of all created things, but we should not attempt to thaw out a frozen heart's nest by the kitchen fire without first sending the family over to a neighbor.

Mr. Waterman, who was born in Kendall county Ill., Nov. 12, 1859, is the younger member of a large family. Most of his life has been spent in the mid-west and on the frontier. Several years ago he took up his residence in Chicago, where he has since written extensively for the press of that city and the eastern magazines and humorous papers. The good work he has already done is but a promise of the better achievements yet to follow.

**Old Combination of Advocates.**

In Paris there are often some curious combinations of vocations. During a recent trial the defendant was a marshal of mutes at funerals and porter in the office of a magistrate. In the latter capacity he appropriated \$7,000 belonging to the estates of deceased persons whose property was committed to the safe keeping of the magistrate. It was his lavish expenditure that led to the detection of his crime. He was particularly fond of his relatives and was continually getting up little treats in their behalf. He took them on excursions and tried to make life exceedingly pleasant for them. As for himself, he erected a fine mausoleum in a suburban cemetery for the reception of his remains when he should give up marshaling funerals for others. There were no extenuating circumstances in his case and he was sent to prison for eight years with hard labor.

**Big Work, Little Money.**

An Anglican vicar recently advertised for an organist who was to receive \$10 a month, in return for which he was to "play three services on Sunday and one on Wednesday evening, when, as so, the boys must have an hour's practice; on Friday he must conduct a full choir practice, first giving the boys half an hour by themselves, and attendance is expected on the usual feast days. Further, no pupils may be taken to the church organ, nor may that instrument be used by the organist himself, save on Sunday afternoons."

**England's Great Monometallist.**

The position of European powers in relation to the international money conference is now pretty well defined. Harcourt of England, and Ribot of France, both have declared themselves in unmistakable language. Sir William makes the position of the British government very plain: "If," says he,



**SIR WILLIAM HARCOURT.**

"France and Germany, or any other powers, wish to combine on the question they can do so, but it is not for England to follow their example." He made it apparent that any representative of England to a conference would be a monometallist.

**Monday Is the Unlucky Day.**

A statistician in the employ of the German government three years ago determined to make a careful investigation of the superstition regarding Friday as an unlucky day. As a result of his exhaustive labors he has given the world a book of queer tables and figures which prove that it is Monday, not Friday that is the most fatal or unfortunate day in the week.

**After a Short Illness.**

Mrs. Laura D. Marsh died at her home on Minnesota avenue on the 5th inst., the cause of death being pneumonia, after an illness of one week. The deceased lady was born in Rensselaer county, N. Y., Dec. 15th, 1839, and was therefore in the 56th year of her age. She came with her parents to Wisconsin when but nine years of age, they locating near Horicon, and three years later they removed to Calamus, Dodge county. Sept. 28th, 1854, she was married to Geo. W. Marsh, and in May, 1882, they came to Stevens Point, residing here ever since. She was the mother of six children, one son, Weston L., and five daughters, four of whom are living. They are Mrs. A. D. Brown, of Bradley, S. D.; Mrs. Egbert Hawley, of Cleveland, Tenn.; Mrs. Amherst Butterfield and Mrs. Wm. L. Spence, of this city. She was a kind mother, true wife and good friend. The funeral was held from the C. E. chapel, Rev. B. B. Schlung, of the M. E. church, officiating.

**For Sale.**

A twelve room house, centrally located, for sale on reasonable terms. Enquire at this office.

**PHYSICIANS OUTDONE.**

My wife has been suffering with female trouble of the severest kind for over three years. I have paid twenty five dollars during the last three months and she had no relief. She had doctored continually with the best of physicians.

I bought three bottles each of Dullam's German Female Uterine Tonic and Dullam's German Blood, Liver, Stomach and Kidney Cure, and can say today she is entirely cured.

W. H. DOWLEY.

Sworn to before me on this 23d day of June, 1890.

JOHN C. DULLAM, Flint, Mich., Notary Public Genesee Co.

For sale by R. H. Mieding & Co.

If there was ever a more unpopular decision of the Supreme Court handed down than that declaring incomes derived from Federal taxation, nobody remembers it. The question of the constitutionality of the remainder of the income tax was not decided, the court standing 4 to 4 with Justice Jackson absent on account of sickness. This leaves the decision of the lower court, affirming the constitutionality of the law, in force, but it also leaves a cloud over the law that will remain until the question is decided by the Supreme Court with a full bench sitting.

**Bucklen's Arnica Salve.**

THE BEST SALVE IN THE WORLD FOR Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Piles, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by John Cadman.

**RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—**  
 "Mytic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia, radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by John Cadman, druggist, Stevens Point.

Buy Dullam's German 15 cent Liver Pills, 50 to each package, at Mieding's.

(1st pub. Apr. 10-7 Ins.)

**NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE.** WHEREAS, Darius E. Green is now the legal owner and holder of a certain mortgage bearing date April 16th, 1892, executed by W. W. Polkey and Agnes, his wife, mortgagors, to Elizabeth Jarding, mortgagee, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Portage county, Wisconsin, on the 5th day of August, A. D. 1892, at 9 o'clock A. M., in Volume V of Mortgages, on page 412, which said mortgage constitutes a lien in law and equity upon the premises described in said mortgage, and whereas, no date has been fixed for the foreclosure of said mortgage, and said mortgage was duly assigned by said Elizabeth Jarding to said Darius E. Green on the 25th day of May, 1893, which assignment was duly recorded in the aforesaid Register of Deeds of Portage county, Wisconsin, at 9 o'clock A. M., in Volume VI of Mortgages, on page 412, which said assignment was made in the conditions of said mortgage, and whereas, the principal and interest thereon, and whereas there is now claimed to be due and unpaid thereon, at the date hereof, the sum of one hundred and twenty-five and 88-100 Dollars for principal and interest, together with the sum of Forty Dollars stipulated in said mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure thereof, and whereas, the said Darius E. Green has been commenced to recover the debt or any part thereof secured by said mortgage; Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the mortgaged premises under said power of sale pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided at public vendue to the highest bidder at public auction at and on the 10th day of June, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, on the 25th day of May, 1895. The description of the mortgaged premises is as follows, to wit: The southeast quarter of the southwest 1/4 of section 16 (6) Township twenty-one (21) North, of Range ten (10) East, Portage county, Wis. Dated April 6, 1895.

**DARIUS E. GREEN, Assignee.**  
**CHAS. CHURCHILL, Atty. for Assignee.**  
**JOHN LEAHY, Sheriff of Portage Co., Wis.**

(1st pub. Apr. 10, '95—Ins. 7.)

**CIRCUIT COURT, PORTAGE COUNTY.**  
 Beary Wallace and S. E. Karner, co-partners under the firm name and style of Wallace & Karner, and H. A. Vetter and C. H. Vetter, co-partners under the firm name and style of H. A. Vetter Mfg. Co., plaintiffs, vs. George Trindell, Bertha Trindell, Karl Kaukasaki and Fred Sens, defendants.

By virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and sale on mechanics liens in above entitled action, duly rendered in above named court on the 24 day of April, A. D. 1895, authorizing me so to do, and a certified copy of said judgment and order of sale placed in my hands, by the attorneys for the plaintiffs, and by them I having been requested to sell thereunder the property therein and hereinafter described, to satisfy said judgment, I shall expose for sale at public auction and sell to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Stevens Point, Wisconsin, on the first day of June, A. D. 1895, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, all the interest of the above named defendants within and to the store building now occupied by George Trindell as a baker shop, on Strong's avenue, Stevens Point, Wis., which said store building is situated on the north side of lot 200, block 40, of Strong, Ellis and Others plat of the city of Stevens Point, in the county of Portage and State of Wisconsin, together with the interest of the defendants, George Trindell and Bertha Trindell in the real estate upon which said building is situated, or so much thereof and shall be necessary to satisfy the judgment and costs in the above entitled action, together with the costs of making said sale.

Dated Sheriff's Office, April 5, 1895.

**JOHN LEAHY, Sheriff of Portage County, Wis.**  
**RAYMOND LAMOREUX & PARK, Stevens Point, Portage County, Wis. Attys. for Plaintiffs.**

**SLUTTS BROS.**  
**LEAD THEM ALL!**

Look at the Following Prices:

23 lbs.	Granulated Sugar,	\$1.00
30 "	Best Rolled Oats,	1.00
15 "	Best Carolina Rice,	1.00
21 "	Loose Muscatel Raisins,	1.00
15 "	California Prunes,	1.00
12 "	Quartered Sun-dried Apples,	1.00
12 "	Evaporated Peaches,	1.00
8 "	Evaporated Apples,	1.00
5 "	Good Japan Tea,	1.00
5 "	Best "Crushed" M. and J. Coffee,	1.00
29 bars	Cen-IO-i-al Soap,	1.00
29 "	Best German Family Soap,	1.00
29 "	Kirk's Cabinet Soap,	1.00
29 "	Badger Soap,	1.00
	Kirk's "Kirkoline" Washing Powder, per pkg.	18c
	Pettijohn's California Breakfast Food, "	12 1/2
	Yeast Foam, "	4c
	Salaratus, "Arm and Hammer" brand, "	6c
	Salmon, good, "	per can, 10c
	Corn, good, "	" 8c
	Apples, 1 gallon, "	" 35c
	German Sweet Chocolate, "	per lb. 25c
	Our Own Brand of Fine Cut Tobacco, "	" 25c
	"Our Leader," "	" 25c
	Plug Tobacco, good, "	" 25c
	Badger Smoking Tobacco, "	" 14c

**Slutts Bros.,**

Corner Clark Street and Strong's Ave.